

ORDINANCE NO. 6422

AN ORDINANCE relating to Comprehensive Planning; adopting the Newcastle Community Plan; adopting the Newcastle Area Zoning; amending the King County Sewerage General Plan (Ordinance No. 4035); amending the Newcastle Area Zoning Guidelines (Resolution No. 31816); and adding a new section to K.C.C. 20.12.

## PREAMBLE:

For the purpose of effective areawide planning and regulation, the King County Council makes the following legislative findings:

(1) The Newcastle area is an appropriate geographic area for augmentation and amplification of the King County Comprehensive Plan through the adoption of the Newcastle Community Plan and Area Zoning. The Newcastle Community Plan is a continuation of the program to plan area-by-area in King County.

(2) The Newcastle area is a growing area with competing demands for land uses and development and requires areawide planning and zoning.

(3) King County, with the assistance of the Newcastle Community Plan Committee, the Technical Advisory Committee and general citizen input, has studied and considered alternative policies, programs and other means to provide for the orderly development of the Newcastle area and has considered the social, economic and environmental impacts of the plan and areawide zoning. King County has prepared and distributed an Environmental Impact Statement for the Newcastle Community Plan and areawide zoning.

(4) The Newcastle Community Plan and areawide zoning provide for the coordination and regulation of public and private development and bear a substantial relationship to, and are necessary for, the public health, safety, and general welfare of King County and its citizens.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. There is added to K.C.C. 20.12 a new section to read as follows: The Newcastle Community Plan, attached to Ordinance 6422 as Appendix A, is adopted as an amplification and augmentation of the Comprehensive Plan for King County and as such constitutes official County policy for the geographic area defined therein.

SECTION 2. The Newcastle Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 6422 as Appendix B, is adopted as the

1 official zoning control for that portion of unincorporated King  
2 County defined therein.

3 SECTION 3. Ordinance #4035, previously adopting the King  
4 County Sewerage General Plan, is hereby amended in accordance  
5 with Section 1.

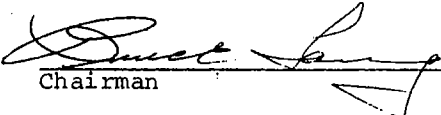
6 SECTION 4. Resolution No. 31816, previously adopting area  
7 zoning for Newcastle on May 9, 1966, is hereby amended in  
8 accordance with Section 2.

9 SECTION 5. All public testimony previously received by  
10 the Newcastle Community Plan Panel and the King County Council  
11 on Proposed Ordinance 82-242 is hereby incorporated by this  
12 reference and is intended to serve as a basis for the Newcastle  
13 Community Plan documents attached hereto. Proposed Ordinance  
14 82-242 was passed by the Council on December 20, 1982, as  
15 Ordinance 6235 and was vetoed by the Executive on January 6, 1983.

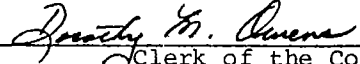
16 INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 17th day of  
17 January, 1983.

18 PASSED this 31st day of May, 1983.

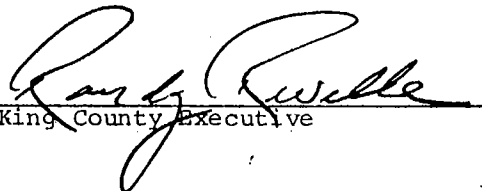
19 KING COUNTY COUNCIL  
20 KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

21   
22 Chairman

23 ATTEST:

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26 Clerk of the Council

27 APPROVED this 5th day of June, 1983.

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29   
30 King County Executive



King County Executive  
Randy Revelle

June 7, 1983

RECEIVED  
1983 JUN -7 PM 3:02  
CLERK  
KING COUNTY COUNCIL

The Honorable Bruce Laing  
Chairman, King County Council  
C O U R T H O U S E

RE: Newcastle Community Plan

Dear Mr. Chairman:

We are pleased to transmit Ordinance 6422 adopting the Newcastle Community Plan and Area Zoning. The adopted Plan is the result of many weeks of negotiation, capping four years of hard work and commitment by many people. We believe the provisions of this Plan will preserve the environment, assure responsible development, and protect the Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park.

I have signed Ordinance 6422 because the adopted Plan establishes the following requirements to assure responsible development:

- Up to two villages may be permitted to develop on Cougar Mountain. A second village, however, will be allowed only after fifty percent of a first village is completed.
- Although the Plan allows King County the possibility of adopting a revised schedule for phasing two villages, the Plan establishes a rigorous process through which findings must be documented and carefully evaluated. Such a schedule would have to be established by ordinance as part of the first village master plan approval. This process would include a thorough review of planning, design, financing, and construction details by King County and other agencies, the public, the Zoning and Subdivision Hearing Examiner, as well as the King County Council and the King County Executive.
- Any proposed village development on Cougar Mountain must be located and designed to prevent significant adverse impacts on the natural environment and the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park. Transportation and visual guidelines in the Plan further define how the Park is to be protected from noise, light, glare, and air quality problems posed by roads and visual intrusion due to development.
- The eastern village site, which poses the greatest potential threat to the Park, can only be considered for a second village.

The Honorable Bruce Laing  
June 7, 1983  
Page Two

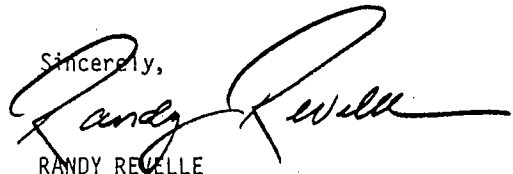
- Specific criteria for village development include criteria for housing, open space and recreation, commercial/industrial development, transportation, drainage, utilities, energy, public services, and a financial plan for capital facilities.

I commend the King County Council for your diligent work on the Newcastle Plan. Difficult issues were thoroughly analyzed and discussed. I believe the resulting Plan is in the public interest; it is a blueprint for responsible development in the Newcastle community.

We must now turn to the task of implementing the Newcastle Plan. Achieving the Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park and carrying out the policies of the Newcastle Plan presents an agenda for renewed commitment and diligence. We welcome your continued interest in meeting this challenge.

If you have any further questions about the Newcastle Community Plan, please call me or Rita Elway of my Executive Staff at 344-4040, or call Holly Miller at 344-7503.

Sincerely,



RANDY REUELLE  
King County Executive

RR:RE:ew

cc: King County Councilmembers  
    ATTN: Jerry Peterson, Council Administrator  
    Holly Miller, Director, Department of Planning and Community Development  
    ATTN: Harold Robertson, Manager, Planning Division  
    Tom Fitzsimmons, Program Development Manager  
    ATTN: Rita Elway, Staff Assistant  
    Members, Newcastle Community Plan Committee

CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT AS IT RELATES TO THE  
PROPOSED NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN

- I. PROPOSED ORDINANCE 83-29
- II. KING COUNTY EXECUTIVE REVELLE'S VETO MESSAGE
- III. AMENDMENTS TO THE PROPOSED PLAN AND AREA ZONING

ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE relating to Comprehensive Planning; adopting the Newcastle Community Plan; adopting the Newcastle Area Zoning; amending the King County Sewerage General Plan (Ordinance No. 4035); amending the Newcastle Area Zoning Guidelines (Resolution No. 31816); and adding a new section to K.C.C. 20.12.

PREAMBLE:

For the purpose of effective areawide planning and regulation, the King County Council makes the following legislative findings:

(1) The Newcastle area is an appropriate geographic area for augmentation and amplification of the King County Comprehensive Plan through the adoption of the Newcastle Community Plan and Area Zoning. The Newcastle Community Plan is a continuation of the program to plan area-by-area in King County.

(2) The Newcastle area is a growing area with competing demands for land uses and development and requires areawide planning and zoning.

(3) King County, with the assistance of the Newcastle Community Plan Committee, the Technical Advisory Committee and general citizen input, has studied and considered alternative policies, programs and other means to provide for the orderly development of the Newcastle area and has considered the social, economic and environmental impacts of the plan and areawide zoning. King County has prepared and distributed an Environmental Impact Statement for the Newcastle Community Plan and areawide zoning.

(4) The Newcastle Community Plan and areawide zoning provide for the coordination and regulation of public and private development and bear a substantial relationship to, and are necessary for, the public health, safety, and general welfare of King County and its citizens.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. There is added to K.C.C. 20.12 a new section to read as follows: The Newcastle Community Plan, attached to Ordinance \_\_\_\_\_ as Appendix A, is adopted as an amplification and augmentation of the Comprehensive Plan for King County and as such constitutes official County policy for the geographic area defined therein.

SECTION 2. The Newcastle Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance \_\_\_\_\_ as Appendix B, is adopted as the

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official zoning control for that portion of unincorporated King County defined therein.

SECTION 3. Ordinance #4035, previously adopting the King County Sewerage General Plan, is hereby amended in accordance with Section 1.

SECTION 4. Resolution No. 31816, previously adopting area zoning for Newcastle on May 9, 1966, is hereby amended in accordance with Section 2.

SECTION 5. All public testimony previously received by the Newcastle Community Plan Panel and the King County Council on Proposed Ordinance 82-242 is hereby incorporated by this reference and is intended to serve as a basis for the Newcastle Community Plan documents attached hereto. Proposed Ordinance 82-242 was passed by the Council on December 20, 1982, as Ordinance 6235 and was vetoed by the Executive on January 6, 1983.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_.

PASSED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL  
KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

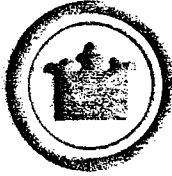
\_\_\_\_\_  
Chairman

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
King County Executive



CLERK OF THE COUNCIL

King County Executive  
Randy Revelle

January 7, 1983

The Honorable Lois North  
Chairman, King County Council  
C O U R T H O U S E

RE: Newcastle and East Sammamish Community Plans

Dear Madam Chairman,

The Newcastle Community Plan, adopted December 20, 1982, and the East Sammamish Community Plan, adopted December 22, 1982, represent critical land use decisions which will have significant impacts on future growth in King County. Based on a thorough review, I have decided to veto the adopted Newcastle Plan because it does not promote balanced and responsible growth management in the Newcastle area. The fundamental purpose of my veto is not to reject outright the adopted Plan, but to provide the opportunity to refine the Plan to meet the legitimate environmental and development needs of the Newcastle area.

While I have several reservations about the adopted East Sammamish Plan, for the reasons discussed below I have decided to allow it to become law without my signature. The following discussion further explains my position on each Plan.

#### NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN

My fundamental support of responsible growth management and my commitment to a Regional Wildland Park on Cougar Mountain are the two major reasons for vetoing the adopted Newcastle Plan. The adopted Plan encourages unnecessary development in an area unsuited for major growth. Further, the adopted Newcastle Plan fails to ensure that the authorized village development will have to provide housing for a range of income levels, synchronize infrastructure with the village development, and safeguard against undue burdens on the taxpayers of King County. Finally, the adopted Plan is incompatible with the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park.

#### Village Development

On April 30, 1982, when I transmitted the enclosed letter and the proposed Newcastle Community Plan to the King County Council for review and adoption, I strongly supported developing only a single village on Cougar Mountain and establishing a Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park. I continue to support only a single village development because:



January 7, 1983

- (1) A single village represents a realistic response to meeting the housing needs of the Newcastle community and King County;
- (2) A single village would not unreasonably impact the proposed Regional Wildland Park; and
- (3) The single village concept is supported by the majority of the Newcastle Community Planning Committee and the Newcastle community.

I respectfully urge the King County Council to restore the single village concept to the Newcastle Community Plan. Development of a single village on Cougar Mountain would adequately meet the housing needs of the Newcastle community well into the year 2000. It would also meet these needs in a manner which respects the essential integrity of the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park.

About 80,000 people are expected to be living in the Newcastle area in the year 2000. The single village, along with other development in the Newcastle planning area, would accommodate about 133,500 people. The multiple village concept would provide unnecessary capacity for an additional 16,500 people. Such an increase would have significant adverse impacts in the Cougar Mountain area because of the physical constraints of the land and the close proximity of village development to the Park. The substantial growth capacity of the adopted East Sammamish Community Plan makes more than one village on Cougar Mountain even more unnecessary.

In addition, it is important to give significant weight to the proposals of the Newcastle Community Planning Committee, which ably represented the diverse interests in the Newcastle area. The process used by the Committee was thorough, equitable, and reasonable. The single village concept represents a responsible compromise made by the Committee after many months of discussions about development and growth management on Cougar Mountain.

If the single village concept is not restored to the Plan by the County Council, then development of the two villages should be phased. The start of a second village could be contingent upon demonstrating that: 1) all facilities and services necessary for the first village are assured; and 2) the village center containing commercial, retail, educational, and civic uses is developing and will be completed commensurate with the population growth.

About 5,000 people will support the kinds of activities contemplated for the village center. Assuming a mix of seventy percent single-family and thirty percent multi-family housing, about 1,800 occupied units would be needed to support the village center activities. A similar phasing provision is included in the adopted East Sammamish Plan and would make development of two villages in the Newcastle area more acceptable.

On December 3, 1982, I sent the enclosed letter to the King County Council explaining my continued support for the single village concept for Cougar Mountain and the Regional Wildland Park. In my letter, I made one adjustment to my previous position. I recommended that the

eastern village site be removed from consideration for village development because a village located on the eastern site would require construction of a road through the Regional Wildland Park and remove a critical area from the proposed Park.

The County Council's adopted Newcastle Plan would allow one or two villages to develop on any of the original three potential village sites. The prospect of a road through the core of the Regional Wildland Park is unacceptable. Also, I continue to support including in the Park all of the additional 362 acres I previously recommended to the County Council in the enclosed December 3, 1982 letter. In the adopted Newcastle Plan, the Council encouraged village development in "the least environmentally sensitive, undeveloped portions of Cougar Mountain." The Council needs only to be more explicit and delete the eastern village site to assure this criterion is met.

#### Master Plan Development Criteria

The adopted Newcastle Plan does not include the criteria proposed by the County Council Panel to guide master planned village development, even though the Cougar Mountain property owners did not contest them. The guidelines remaining in the adopted Plan are more general than the criteria and will not provide certain and explicit management of the impacts and costs of growth. The prospect that conditions of village development would be negotiated during the review of a specific proposal is cause for serious concern. Such a process is unpredictable for property owners and inadequately protects residents of the Newcastle area and King County.

The housing criteria omitted from the adopted Newcastle Plan by the County Council would result in housing for a range of income levels. Thirty percent of the total residential units would be used as a target in providing housing affordable to median, moderate, and low income persons.

The open space criteria would establish a target of forty percent of the overall master plan area to be preserved in open space. The criteria would also assure that capital improvements needed as a result of the village development would be provided by the master plan development. These improvements include water and sewer facilities, school sites, external access roads and internal streets, and drainage facilities. Finally, the criteria omitted by the County Council address phasing to synchronize facilities and services with development and financial planning to assure the needed improvements are completed.

For village development to be in the public interest, the master plan development criteria should be restored to the Plan. Such an action would be consistent with the County Council's action on the adopted East Lake Sammamish Plan, which includes all of the master plan development criteria.

### Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park

Achieving the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park will enable all citizens of King County to enjoy a precious natural resource. That important goal should not become clouded by unrealistically tying the Park to the development of villages on Cougar Mountain.

During the County Council's debate on the number of villages, Councilmembers discussed at length the dubious premise that by increasing the number of potential villages, King County would increase the possibility of obtaining the Regional Wildland Park property without paying for it. That simply is not the case. Owners of large parcels within the Park area have consistently stated their properties may be available for purchase or trade; they have not said they would dedicate all or even a significant portion of their land to King County.

The adopted Newcastle Plan states that "the master plan development may include areas recommended for inclusion within the Proposed Regional Park provided that land is dedicated to the County as open space." Although this may result in a small amount of land being dedicated for the Regional Wildland Park, dedication will not be the principal means of establishing the Park. King County residents will have to pay for the vast majority of the Park, either through trades or land purchases. A second or third village would not alter this basic fact.

We are actively exploring submittal of a Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park bond issue and/or re-submittal of a County-wide bond issue as additional options for achieving the Park. Each option will be submitted to the County Council at a later date.

Owners of the major land holdings on Cougar Mountain have suggested they may be willing to sign an option agreement with King County as a way of cooperating in our efforts to acquire the Park. This option agreement would only be available if the property owners generally support the final adopted Newcastle Plan. We plan to pursue the option agreement with the property owners and the County Council, as appropriate, as well as to explore the actual means of obtaining the Park land.

For the foregoing reasons, I respectfully request your careful and timely reconsideration of the Newcastle Community Plan. My staff and I are ready to assist the County Council in any way possible to achieve our common goal of meeting our growth management responsibilities to the residents of King County.

### EAST SAMMAMISH COMMUNITY PLAN

The King County Council began reviewing the East Sammamish Community Plan in 1979 -- two and one-half years before my election as King County Executive. Because of the Council's long history with the Plan, I felt it would be appropriate for the County Council to continue its leadership role and inappropriate for me to take an active role in the Plan review process.

Adoption of the East Sammamish Community Plan by the County Council resulted from many months of complex and difficult analysis. While I have reservations about the adopted Plan, because of the unanimous vote I have decided to defer to the Council's judgment and allow the adopting ordinance to become law without my signature. I would, however, like to summarize my reservations about the adopted Plan.

#### Growth Management

Similar to my concerns about the adopted Newcastle Plan, I am not convinced that the East Sammamish area needs a Plan that provides excessively for growth. The adopted East Sammamish Plan has ultimate capacity for about three times the population forecast for the area in the year 2000. That is particularly excessive, since the Newcastle Plan also provides ample growth capacity, even with only one village.

I am also concerned about the higher densities authorized in the Evans/Patterson Creek area (the Boeing property). Introducing one unit per acre densities into this rural area may cause pressure for similar densities throughout rural King County. This is particularly troublesome because the County Council has not yet considered a comprehensive rural land use policy. I plan to recommend such a policy to the Council this year as part of the General Development Guide.

I would also like to offer my views on two other aspects of the East Sammamish Plan -- master plan development and the plan development/review process.

#### Master Plan Development

Many residents of the East Sammamish area have expressed genuine fears about the potential impacts of development. They have raised legitimate concerns about the potential costs to surrounding residents, the impacts of higher density development on semi-rural lifestyles, and the dependability of cost estimates for the infrastructure necessary to support master plan development.

For those reasons, I believe the master plan criteria are very important to ensure acceptable development. I strongly support the County Council's inclusion of the criteria in the adopted East Sammamish Plan. As stated previously, I also respectfully urge the Council to include the criteria in the Newcastle Plan.

#### Plan Development/Review Process

Many people have expressed concerns to me about the development/review process used for the East Sammamish Plan. Opponents of the adopted Plan feel the 1978 Proposed East Sammamish Plan was treated unfairly. They believe the adopted Plan was developed with little citizen involvement. They also feel the Plan review process invited zoning changes to be made with less detailed analysis than is provided by the Department of Planning and Community Development in preparing the Area Zoning, or by the Hearing Examiner in the reclassification process.

Honorable Lois North  
Page 6  
January 7, 1983


I realize that the alternatives developed for the East Sammamish area were reviewed at numerous public meetings and East Sammamish Panel work sessions. I am very concerned, however, about the bitterness that grew throughout the very long East Sammamish deliberations. Since the development/ review process contributed unnecessarily to this problem, I am committed to working with the County Council to improve the process for the future.

We will soon discuss with Councilmembers possible revisions to the community planning process for use in developing the Bear Creek and Snoqualmie Plans. Also, the 1983 Executive Work Program will include establishing a process for community plan updates. Finally, I hope to work with Councilmembers to evaluate the role of Executive department staff in the Council review and adoption process for community plans and area zoning.

I would like to take this opportunity to commend the King County Council for its diligent work on the East Sammamish and Newcastle Community Plans. Many complex issues were addressed thoughtfully and responsibly. We stand ready to work with the County Council in a cooperative effort to make the Newcastle Plan the blueprint for responsible development it can and should become.

If you have any questions about my veto of the Newcastle Plan or my comments on the East Sammamish Plan, please contact me personally or Holly Miller at 344-7503.

Sincerely,



RANDY REVELLE  
King County Executive

RR:HR:mlm

Enclosures

cc: King County Councilmembers  
ATTN: Jerry Peterson, Council Administrator  
Harry Thomas, Deputy Executive  
King County Department Directors  
Tom Fitzsimmons, Manager, Program Development  
ATTN: Rita Elway, Staff Assistant

KING COUNTY COUNCIL

NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN

Council adopted plan consists of the Plan and area zoning documents as changed by the following material in the following packet.

Yellow pages - Panel Recommendations

Blue Pages - Additional Panel recommendations based on 12/6/82 public hearing

Pink Pages - Council action on 12/6/82

White Pages - Council action on 12/20/82

December 20, 1982

1  
X

5/25/83

Policy N-2

The development of up to two villages may be permitted. Village development should be encouraged within the least environmentally sensitive, undeveloped portions of Cougar Mountain. Village development within the undeveloped portions of Cougar Mountain should proceed only as part of a master plan. The development should be located and designed to prevent significant adverse impacts on the natural environment and the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park, as well as to provide for cost-effective infrastructure improvements. No judgement about significant adverse impacts, if any, of any village development will be made until King County reviews a master plan development proposal. Village development within the undeveloped portions of Cougar Mountain should proceed only as part of the establishment of the Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park by means of dedication and/or trade and/or purchase of land. Master plan approval would be at least a two stage process. The first stage would be general review of the overall master plan development on Cougar Mountain. During the first stage of the review, the County will make a determination on the phasing, timing, and location of the villages. The County will determine the sequence of village development based on a review of information submitted which must detail the proposed and required facilities, services, and other information as outlined in the Master Plan Development Guidelines. Depending upon the proposed phasing and timing of development at each village site, one or more additional stages of review would be required to assign specific land use and zoning designations, as well as specific conditions for development. The review process for each stage of approval would be the same as the existing zoning reclassification process.

ADOPTED May 25, 1983

5/25/83

Policy N-2b

Any approval of a second village shall be considered only after one of the two following criteria are met:

- I. Fifty percent (50%) of the housing units in the first village are completed, all facilities and services necessary for full development of the first village are completed or committed for construction, and the first village center is established and will be completed commensurate with the growth of the village.
  
- II. If King County finds that the approval of a second village is essential in order to make it possible to plan, design, finance, and construct the facilities and services necessary for any village development, a schedule different from (I) above may be established as part of the first village master plan approval.

ADOPTED May 25, 1983



APPENDIX A -- Add Sections 7-15 of the Criteria

APPROVAL PROCESS AND CRITERIA FOR MASTER PLAN DEVELOPMENT  
WITHIN THE COUGAR MOUNTAIN SUBAREA

SECTION 7. Development Criteria.

In addition to compliance with K.C.C. 20.24.180, the approval, denial or imposition of conditions upon a master plan development shall be based upon the specific requirements, goals and policies identified in sections 8 through 18 below and other applicable state and county statutes, regulations, plans and policies.

SECTION 8. Housing Criteria.

A. Housing for all income levels.

1. "Low income" is an income level below eighty percent (80%) of the median income for King County. Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of low income,

2. "Moderate income" is an income level between eighty percent (80%) and one hundred percent (100%) of the median income for King County. Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of moderate income,

3. "Median income" is an income level between one hundred percent (100%) and one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the median income for King County. Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of median income,

4. Median income for King County and affordable monthly housing payments based upon a percent of this income shall be determined annually by the Department of Planning and Community Development,

5. Housing required by this section shall contain a reasonable mix of units designed for senior citizens and families.

B. A preliminary schedule for the phasing of the construction of the housing called for above shall be included with each master plan development application in order to assure that an adequate mix of housing is provided in all phases of development and that the required housing is dispersed throughout the development. A specific schedule shall be submitted with each phase pursuant to Section 14 (B.6).

C. No low income housing will be required in any phase unless publicly funded programs for such housing are available, provided that the developer may be required to set aside sufficient land for that purpose. Land may be required to be set aside for a period of up to five years at a value calculated as follows: the area of the set-aside land multiplied times the average per square foot assessed value of the property in the phase for the year in which the phase is granted approval. Computations shall be based on King County Assessor information.

If during that period, programs become available, the developer shall cooperate with the public agency for the development of such housing. If programs do not become available the land shall be released for other development consistent with the master plan development and the low income housing requirement will be reevaluated at the next phase.

D. The master plan development will be reviewed to establish a minimum percentage for each housing income level. Criteria for establishing these minimums shall include County-wide as well as community plan area population characteristics, market, and economic factors including but not limited to:

1. Cost of construction and financing,
2. Cost of existing housing,
3. Housing types and sizes available,
4. Percentage population within each income level,
5. Employment opportunities,
6. Availability of publicly funded housing programs for low income persons,
7. Amount of existing assisted housing in the surrounding area,
8. Overall need County-wide for low, moderate, and median income housing for senior citizens and families.

### SECTION 9. Open Space and Recreational Criteria.

A. Forty percent (40%) of the gross area of the overall master plan shall be used as a target in providing community open space. "Community open space" means land in the master plan development which is to be owned by the public or by an approved community or homeowners' organization at the option of the King County Department of Planning and Community Development, and preserved in perpetuity for the use of the public and/or residents of the master plan development.

B. Open space requirements for residential developments contained in King County Code titles 19, 20 and 21 shall be waived within the master plan development; except that the open space requirements of K.C.C. Chapter 21.56 and K.C.C. 21.08.080 shall remain in effect for PUD's and for plats when using the lot averaging provisions. The open space required for PUD's in K.C.C. Chapter 21.56 and for plats in K.C.C. 21.08.080 when using the lot averaging provisions shall not be included in the calculation of community open space.

C. The following areas shall be preserved as open space:

1. Unique, fragile, and valuable elements of the environment plus any necessary protective buffer areas, such as prime wildlife habitats or natural drainage features,
2. Areas unsuitable for building due to natural hazards,
3. Agricultural and fisheries resources,
4. Physical and/or visual buffers within and between areas of urban development; except that private open space areas associated with residential dwellings shall not be included in the calculation of the minimum community open space area,
5. Natural areas with significant educational, scientific, historic, or scenic values,
6. Outdoor recreation areas. Park and recreational facilities shall be provided by the developer in accordance with current County standards (Ordinance 3813 and Motion 3527 and any applicable future amendments).

7. Perimeter buffering of the master plan development.
8. Existing and proposed trail corridors.

D. The master plan development will be reviewed to establish a minimum percentage of open space and recreational area.

1. Criteria for establishing this minimum shall include the physical characteristics of the site, the amount of recreational facilities and permanent open space in the surrounding area, the existing and planned uses of adjacent land, and the types of uses proposed for open space areas.

2. High priority shall be given to preserving, maintaining and managing the existing natural drainage system by retaining significant drainage features including creeks, streams, lands and wetlands within the open space area with minimal encroachment by other open space uses.

3. Compatible multiple uses on such open space may be specifically authorized at the time of approval of the master plan development.

4. Preservation of open space for environmental and buffering needs in excess of the community open space target shall not relieve the master plan development from providing useable open space for active use.

E. Open space shall be either dedicated to an appropriate governmental agency or held in perpetuity by an approved private organization with responsibility for maintenance and operation at the option of the Department.

F. Any open space property which is planned for dedication, but is not dedicated promptly upon approval of the phase of the master plan development in which the property is located, shall be maintained by the applicant until dedicated, in accordance with an approved interim maintenance program. The applicant shall submit a proposed interim maintenance program for all such properties as part of the master plan development application.

#### SECTION 10. Commercial/Industrial Criteria.

A. The master plan development shall provide neighborhood business areas for the everyday shopping and service needs of the community, consistent with applicable King County policies.

B. Mixed use buildings are encouraged in business areas.

#### SECTION 11. Utilities, Energy and Public Services Criteria.

A. The master plan development shall be responsible for all improvements and additions to public and private water and sewer facilities required as a result of the development, including off-site facilities and improvements.

B. The master plan development shall provide for adequate fire protection to the extent such need is created either wholly or partially as a result of the development. In the event adequate facilities are not available the developer shall have the option of dedicating sites, paying fees or using other means capable of providing for fire protection. Provision for adequate fire protection may include dedication of fire station sites, construction of fire stations, and purchase of new equipment.

C. The master plan development shall include energy efficient building types and efficient energy consuming systems. The master plan development shall make use of renewable energy resources and the provision of a choice of alternative fuel sources wherever possible and economically feasible.

D. The master plan development shall provide for adequate schools to the extent such need is created either totally or partially as a result of the development. In the event adequate facilities are not available the developer shall have the option of dedicating sites, paying fees or using other means capable of providing for school services. School site locations and access shall be determined in conjunction with the appropriate district. Such sites shall be provided with utility connections and shall be dedicated to the appropriate school district.

E. Methods for financing public and private improvements referred to in this section shall be identified and approved by King County pursuant to Section 15.

## SECTION 12. Transportation Criteria.

A. The master plan development shall provide:

1. External access streets, internal arterials and streets meeting current King County road planning and improvement standards or as otherwise provided pursuant to K.C.C. Chapter 19.20.

2. Facilities or design considerations which encourage the use of alternative modes of transportation, including but not limited to, transit, carpool, bicycle, pedestrian and equestrian trail facilities,

3. All on-site and off-site road improvements necessary to mitigate the impacts of traffic on existing public roads caused as a result of the development.

B. A transportation plan should be prepared by the applicant for the master plan development and shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Public Works prior to issuance of any development or building permit for the first phase of an approved master plan development. A transportation plan for each phase of development shall be reviewed and approved before development of that phase begins, to assure compatibility with the master transportation plan and adequacy of facilities, and compliance with current King County standards. Care will be given to ensure the plans are compatible with standards of the adjacent jurisdictions.

C. Methods for financing of on-site and off-site transportation improvements required pursuant to this section shall be identified and approved by King County pursuant to Section 15 of this ordinance.

SECTION 13. Drainage Criteria.

A. The master plan development shall provide an on and off-site drainage facilities system which meets the following criteria:

1. The existing natural drainage system shall be preserved, maintained, and managed to the maximum feasible extent. Significant creeks, streams, lakes, wetlands, and supporting vegetative buffers necessary to preserve the valuable functions of the natural drainage system, shall be retained to the maximum feasible extent. Development, including roads and utilities, within the natural drainage system shall be kept at an absolute minimum. Any development proposed around these features shall require studies pursuant to K.C.C. 21.54 and Natural Features policies in the adopted Newcastle Community Plan. These studies shall determine if development may be permitted and determine appropriate setbacks and other mitigating measures to protect the features if development is allowed.

2. The system shall be designed to be compatible with applicable King County drainage basin plans and systems including drainage basin plans required during the review of the master plan development and any pre-existing basin plans. Care shall be given to ensure the systems are compatible with those of adjacent jurisdictions.

3. The system shall be designed and constructed so as to mitigate on-site and off-site impacts from increased runoff, erosion, siltation, flooding and/or other impacts identified in drainage studies or basin plans.

B. A comprehensive drainage study and plan addressing site and downstream conditions for the master plan development shall be prepared by the applicant. The study and plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Public Works prior to issuance of any development or building permit for the first phase of an approved master plan development. A drainage plan for each phase of development shall be reviewed and approved before development of that phase begins, to assure compatibility with the master drainage plan, adequacy of facilities, and compliance with current King County standards. Care will be given to ensure the plans are compatible with standards of the adjacent jurisdictions.

C. Determination of whether the drainage system and drainage facilities shall be owned, managed, maintained, and funded by the public, a private organization, or shared public-private responsibilities shall occur as part of master plan approval.

1. A manual shall be prepared by the applicant prescribing preservation, maintenance and management procedures, practices and responsibilities for the existing natural drainage system and any on-site drainage facilities located within the master plan development.

D. Methods for financing of construction and maintenance of on-site and off-site drainage improvements required pursuant to this section shall be identified and approved by King County pursuant to Section 15 of this ordinance.

#### SECTION 14. Phased Development.

A. The term "phase" means a portion of a master plan development site which is the subject of application for approval of one or more subdivisions, planned unit developments, or site plans pursuant to K.C.C. sections 21.46.150-.200; provided, that approval of a site plan in the master plan development shall be based on compliance with the guidelines, performance standards, permitted uses, or other requirements imposed for that phase at the time of master plan approval.

B. A master plan development may be developed in phases, provided:

1. An estimated time period for completion of all phases shall be provided as part of the master plan application,
2. The development must be provided with adequate facilities and services at all phases of development,
3. Initiation of new phases may be prohibited until conditions imposed on previous phases have been met,
4. A detailed financial plan is submitted for each phase pursuant to Section 15 below,
5. A general sequence of phases shall be required which will assure a mix of uses and densities,
6. Prior to submission of development plans for each phase, the applicant shall consult with the King County Housing and Community Development Division to determine the specific number of low/moderate/median income housing units to be developed in the proposed phase.

C. Additional conditions of approval may be imposed on each phase to obtain compliance with current County requirements provided changes to the requirements in Sections 8 to 14 shall be reviewed pursuant to Section 18.

#### SECTION 15. Financial Plan for Capital Facilities.

A. A preliminary financial plan shall be submitted as part of the master plan development application which addresses:

1. On-site and off-site capital facilities required as a result of the proposed master planned development as identified in Sections 11, 12; and 13.
2. Capital facilities required by the master plan development that cannot be built incrementally as part of each phase and those capital facilities required in conjunction with the development of each phase.
3. Potential financing methods.
4. Areas within and outside of the designated master plan development area that will benefit from the required facilities.
5. The master plan development's fair share of the costs for on and off-site improvements.

B. A detailed financial plan shall be submitted as part of each proposed phase review. The detailed financial plan shall identify the proposed methods for financing the required capital facilities for the

phase and a schedule for its implementation. Alternative methods shall be identified for those methods which are dependent on actions beyond the applicant's control.

C. Approval of the master plan development is for land use purposes only and as such does not constitute prior County approvals or decisions or make provisions for capital facility programming for required off-site or on-site facilities.

May 25, 1983

NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN  
CONSISTENCY BETWEEN PROPOSED LAND USE AND  
AREA ZONING ON EAST RENTON PLATEAU

There is an inconsistency between the Proposed Newcastle Land Use Map and the Area Zoning Map in the East Renton Plateau Subarea.

Land Use Map:

Developed areas in the Maplewood Heights neighborhood and several other nearby locations in the western portion of the East Renton Plateau are shown on the Proposed Land Use Map as single-family residential, 3 to 4 units per acre (see attached map). This designation reflects existing subdivisions developed on 9600 square foot lots.

Area Zoning Map:

The Proposed Area Zoning Map shows the Maplewood Heights neighborhood and other nearby sites designated 3 to 4 units per acre on the Land Use Map as SR-15,000 (Suburban Residential, 15,000 square feet minimum lot size).

Staff Recommendation:

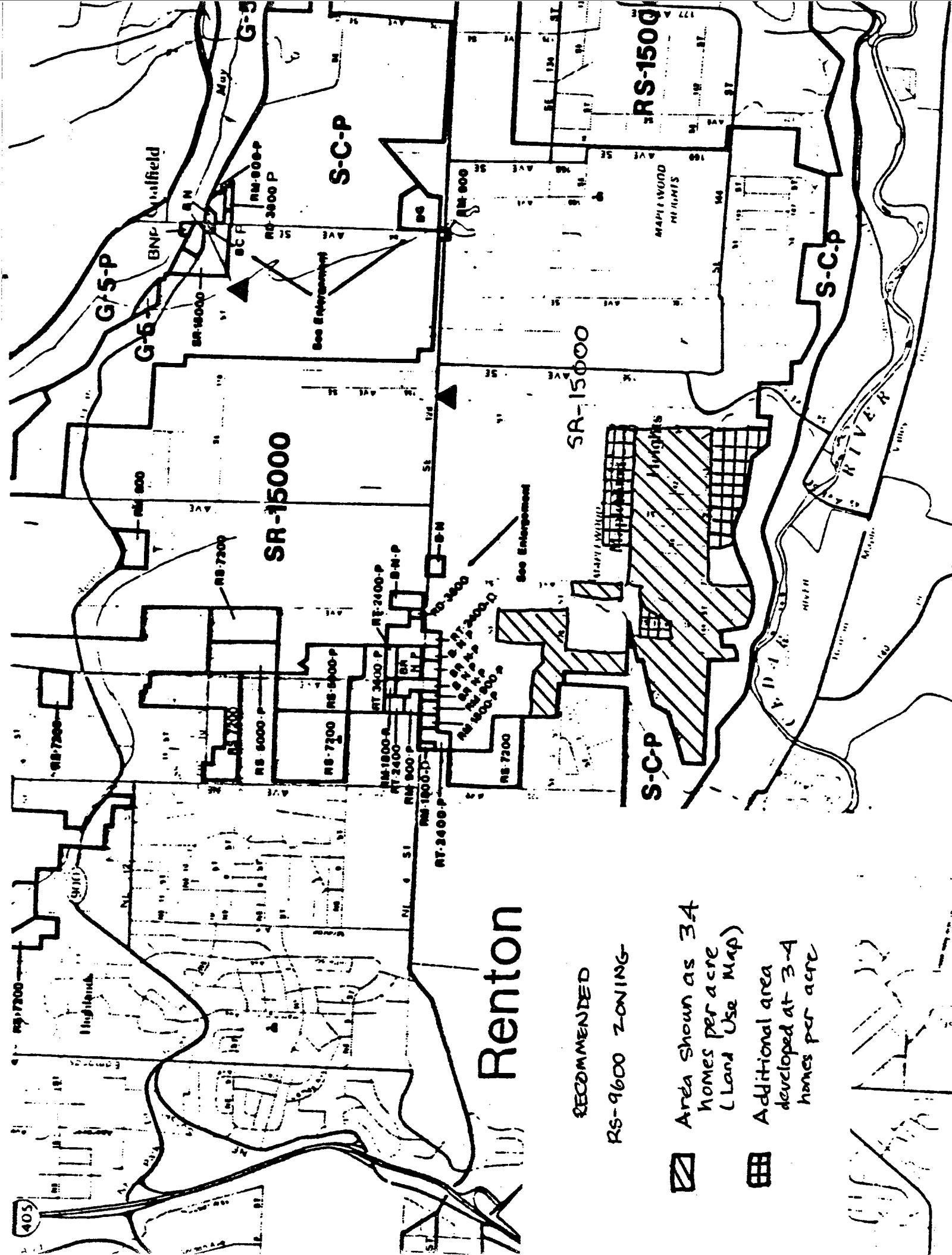
Zone the areas shown as 3 to 4 units per acre on the Land Use Map RS-9600 (Residential Single Family, 9600 square foot minimum lot size) to be consistent with the Land Use Map. The Land Use Map has been shown on hearing notices mailed to all area property owners. It has also been the official map during the King County Council review of the Newcastle Community Plan.

The RS-9600 zone, rather than SR-9600, is recommended because the S-R zone classification specifically states that 9600 square foot lots are only permitted where served by sanitary sewers. The areas in question are not presently served by sewers, and the RS-9600 zone does not stipulate that sewers are required.

The Planning Division staff also recommend a small expansion of the RS-9600/3 to 4 homes per acre designation to recognize existing subdivisions adjacent to Maplewood Heights (see attached map). This expansion area is also developed at the 3 to 4 unit density, and it is contiguous with the area shown on the Proposed Land Use Map.

ADOPTED May 25, 1983





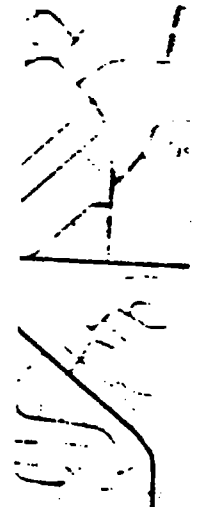
# Renton

**RECOMMENDED**

RS-9600 ZONING

Area shown as 34 homes per acre (Land Use Map)

Additional area developed at 3-4 homes per acre



405

Highlands

RS-7200

SR-15000

G-5-P

G-3

SR-15000

S-C-P

RE-2400-P

RS-7200

RS-9600-P

RT-2400-P

RS-1800-A

RT-2400

RM-900-P

RS-1800-D

RS-1800-D

RS-1800-D

RS-1800-D

RS-1800-D

RS-7200

RS-7200

RS-7200

RS-7200

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See Entitlement

See Entitlement

See Entitlement

See Entitlement

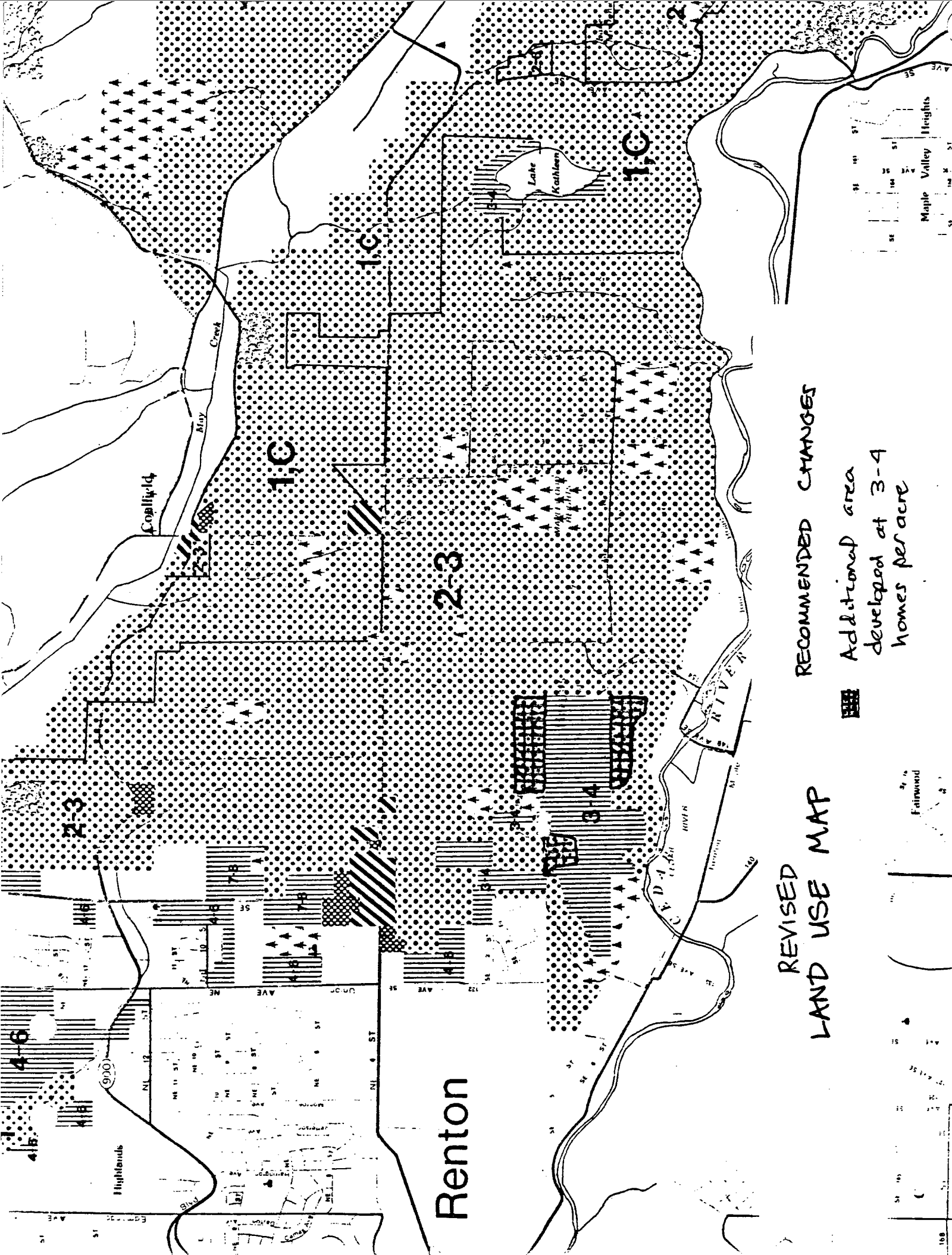
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See Entitlement

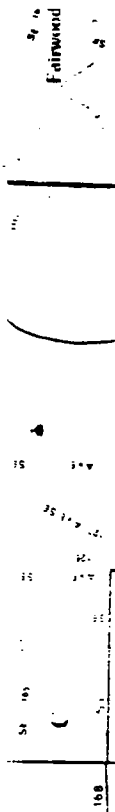
See Entitlement



REVISED  
LAND USE MAP

RECOMMENDED CHANGES

▨ Additional area developed at 3-4 homes per acre



Amendment

The Panel on 12/15/82 amended residential guideline B.2 and the footnote from the village master plan guidelines. The Council on 12/20/82 voted to restore the guideline as follows:

B. Residential Guidelines

...

2. Housing shall be provided for all income levels, including the low income. A target of 20% of the housing should be set aside for low to median income persons: 10% low, 10% moderate, and 10% median. Low income housing shall be provided in conjunction with publically funded programs.

COUNCIL ACTION:

Approve (12-20-82)

23  
9

Amendment

Source: CNPOA - Wally Toner

SECTION: Revised Master Plan Development Guidelines

Page 3

Residential Guidelines proposed for amendment as follows:

B.3. A mix of approximately ((30%)) 40% multifamily (12+ D.U./acre), ((and 70% single-family attached and detached housing)) 30% single family attached (8-12 D.U./acre) and 30% single family detached (less than 8 D.U./acre) should be provided.

Footnote:

((2-Multi-family-housing-includes-townhouse-development-at-2-or-more-dwelling-units-per-acre-and-all-other-multi-family development-permitted-by-the-Zoning-Code.--Single-family-housing includes-single-family-detached-development-and-townhouse-development-up-to-3-dwelling-units-per-acre.))

Panel Recommendation:

No Recommendation.

Note: The proposed mix of housing will result in additional land for potential open space.

COUNCIL ACTION:

Approve (12-20-82)

34  
10

AMENDMENT - Cougar Mountain subarea

APPLICANT: Walter B. Toner, Jr. representing the Central Newcastle Property Owners Association.

PROPERTY LOCATION: Southwest of the Issaquah City Limits; east of State Highway 900 (Renton-Issaquah Road.)

KROLL MAP/NUMBER: 467E

EXISTING ZONING: FR, Panel has recommended GR 2.5

PROPOSED ZONING: The applicant is requesting that the property owned by Northwest Investors II, east of Highway 900, be added to the Master Plan Development (MPD) Overlay District for Cougar Mountain.

COMMENTS: The applicant contends that during the community plan process, this land was included within the Cougar Mountain Subarea and has been assumed as a part of the East Village. Arguably, the status of this land has been unclear; it has been both included and not included in the MPD designated area during the community plan process.

The land has a number of constraints to future development, including steep slopes in excess of 40%, seismic III, erosion and coal mine hazards, according to the King County Sensitive Areas Map Folio. The applicant, however wishes to maintain zoning similar to that owned on the west side of Highway 900, in the proposed MPD area. The parcel may qualify for dedicated open space required of any future Master Plan developments in the area.

RECOMMENDATION: Grant the addition of this parcel to the Master Plan Overlay District for Cougar Mountain.

COUNCIL ACTION:

Approve (12-20-82)

56  
78

468W 468E

E 32-24-6

29 28  
32 33

~~GR-5~~  
GR-5

~~GR-5~~  
GR-5

~~GR-5~~  
GR-5

~~GR-2.5~~  
GR-2.5

GR-5  
~~GR-5~~

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GR 2.5

~~GR-5~~ GR 2.5  
~~GR-5~~

GR-5

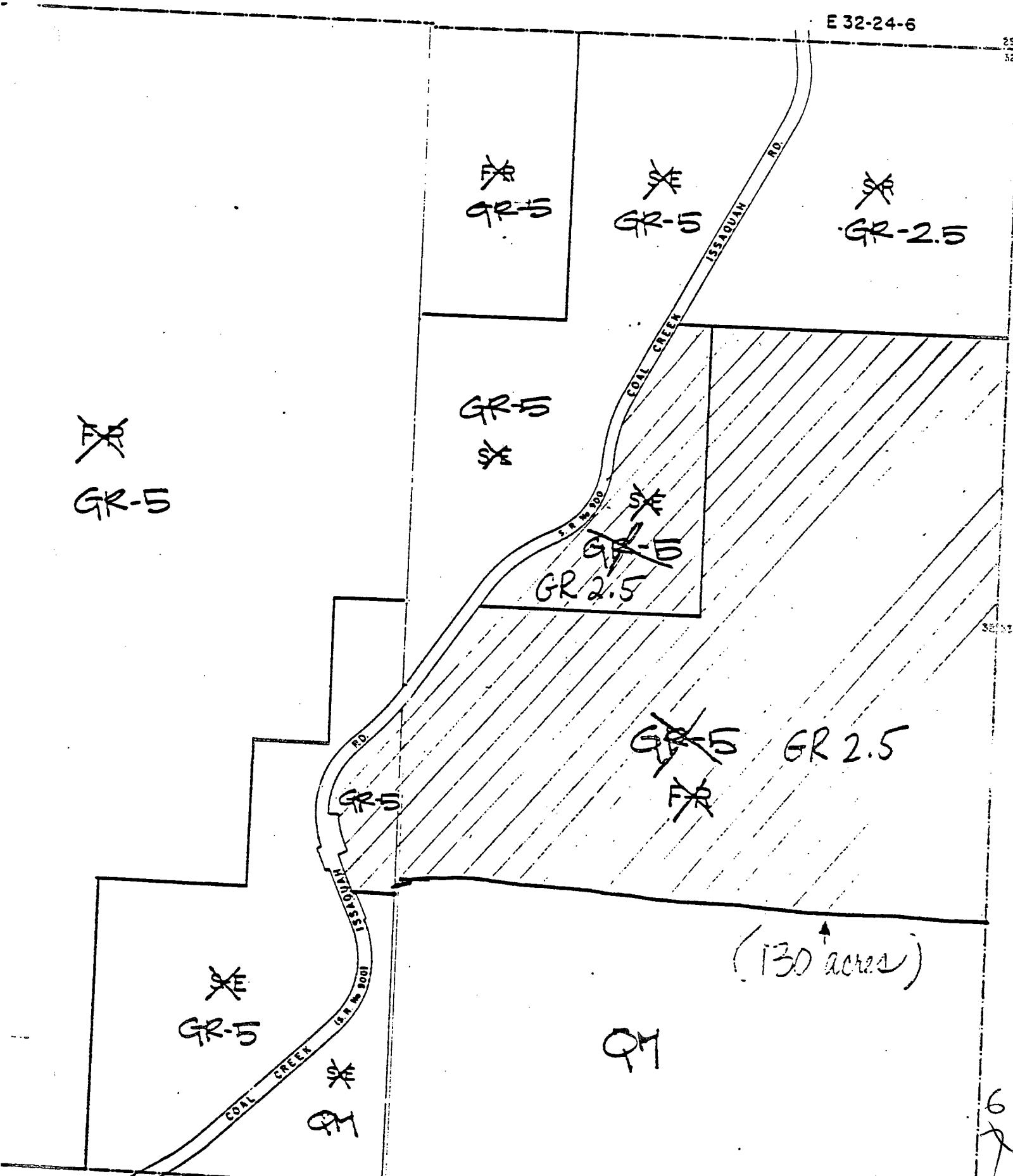
~~GR-5~~  
GR-5

~~GR-5~~  
GR-5

(130 acres)

QH

6  
7  
8



REZONE REQUEST: COUGAR MOUNTAIN SUB-AREA

DATE RECEIVED: NOVEMBER 29, 1982

APPLICANT: Richard Hessler

PROPERTY LOCATION: SE $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW $\frac{1}{2}$  of Sec. 24, Township 24 N, Range 5E.

KROLL MAP #: 568 E

EXISTING ZONING: SE

PROPOSED ZONING: SE

REQUEST: The applicant is requesting a suburban cluster, SC-P classification for his property to allow for clustering of development away from steep slopes.

The subject properties are located in the developed portion of the Cougar Mountain Sub area, along SE 60th Street. The residential development in this area is characterized by single family use on lots that are 1 or more acres in size. Recognizing the existing suburban development in the area, the Proposed Newcastle Community Plan designates this property and the surrounding area as SE (1 unit per acre), as is much of the land along SE 60th also currently designated.

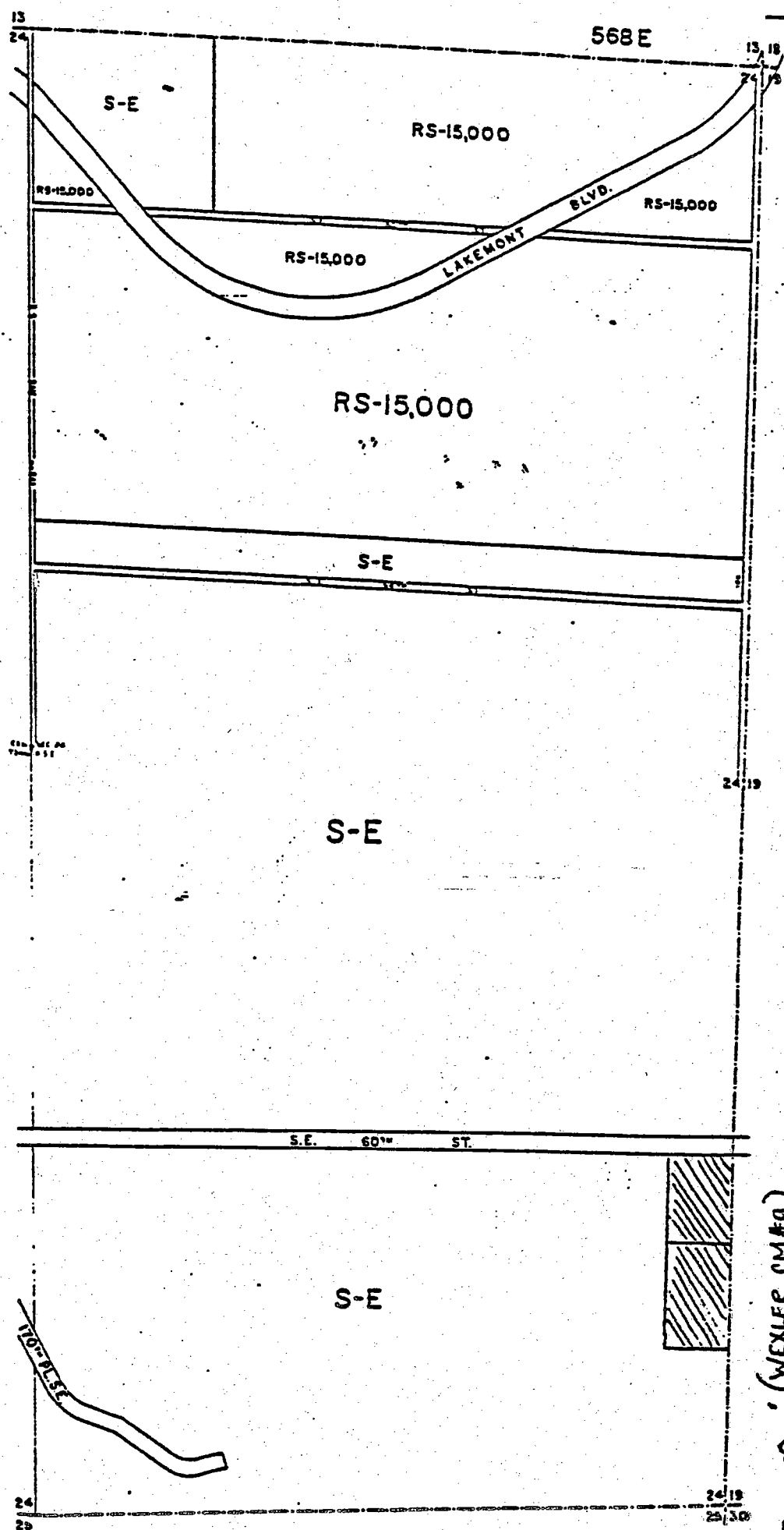
The applicant's properties are adjacent to property owned by Mr. Charles Wexler, a prior applicant for zoning change in the Newcastle area zoning, Cougar Mountain Issue #9. Similar to Mr. Wexler's property, the subject property is situated on steeply sloping land and has been identified by King County's Sensitive Areas Map Folio as Class III seismic hazard lands.

The Panel recommended SC-P zoning to Mr. Wexler on October 22, 1982. Due to the proximity of the subject parcels to those of Mr. Wexlers, and the similarity in terrain, staff recommends that the SC-P zoning classification be granted to the applicant. Also, as in Cougar Mountain Issue #9, a P-suffix condition to the SC zoning should be added, requiring dedication of permanent open space. This zoning would allow flexibility in lot design to avoid steep slopes while not increasing the one home per acre density of this neighborhood.

COUNCIL ACTION:

Approve (12/06/82) SC-P

78  
X



(WEXLER CM#9)



Factoria: Issue #3

Applicant: Leong

Existing Zoning: RM-900

Proposed Zoning: RM-900P (restricted to office use)

Request at 12/6/82 Public hearing: RM-900

COUNCIL ACTION:

Approve (12-6-82)

9-10  
16

REZONE REQUEST: FACTORIA SUB-AREA

DATE RECEIVED: OCTOBER 29, 1982

APPLICANT: SAINT MARGARET'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

PROPERTY LOCATION: Tax lot number 174 in the NE quadrant of Section 16, Township 24, Range 5 East, at the NE corner of the intersection of 128th Ave. SE and SE Newport Way. (See Newcastle Area Zoning, Factoria Property Group 7, Parcel No. 8).

KROLL MAP #: 453E

EXISTING ZONING: RS-7200

PROPOSED ZONING: RS-7200P

REQUEST: The applicant is requesting a change of zoning classification from RS-7200 to RM-900 or BN to accommodate an office building on the northern portion of the property, to be used for "licensed professionals, church administration and church related business."

COMMENTS: The subject parcel is located in the Factoria sub-area, in an area formerly designated by the Factoria Development Plan, as well as the Proposed Newcastle Community Plan, to be developed ultimately for residential use. While there are existing professional/office uses across the street on the west side of SE 128th, additional RM-900 or BN zoning would increase development pressure for office and commercial uses in this area, instead of concentrating that type of activity around the Factoria shopping center and/or north of SE 41st Street. Although the applicant's desire for office use is acknowledged as legitimate accessory use to the church buildings, such development may be accommodated through use of zoning consistent with the surrounding uses.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends a change in the zoning classification from RS-7200P to RM-2400P. With the proposed underlying RM-2400P zoning on the parcel, offices that are accessory to the church building are permitted. (If non-church related or non-accessory office buildings are desired, a change in zone classification would be necessary.) In addition, the underlying multifamily designation of RM-2400P would be consistent with policies articulated in the Factoria Development Guide and Proposed Newcastle Community Plan.

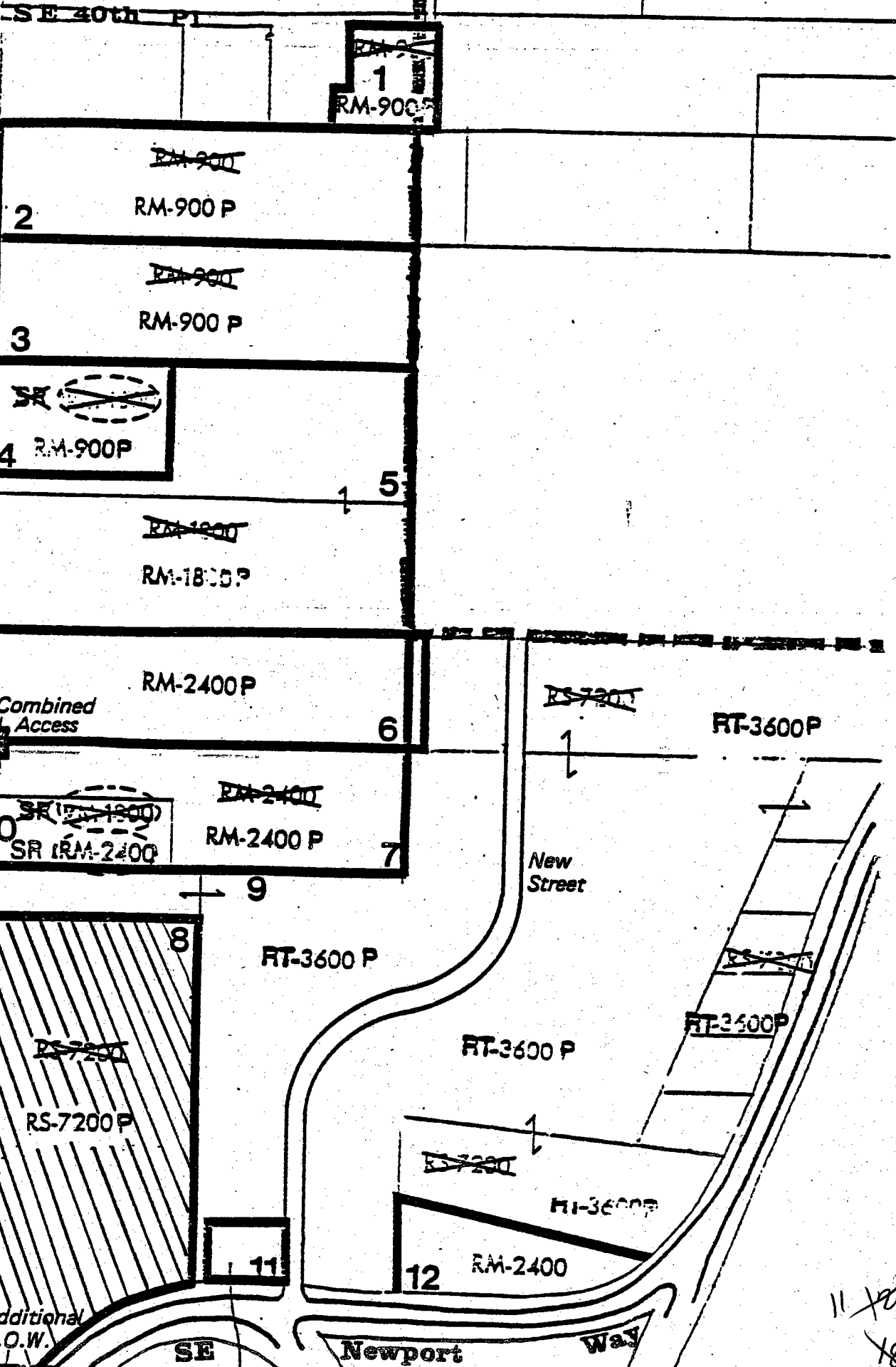
The P-suffix conditions attached to the parcel in the Area Zoning specify traffic improvements that would be required as a condition for further development. It is recommended that the P-suffix conditions remain with the proposed RM-2400 zoning designation.

COUNCIL ACTION (12-6-82) RM-2400P

10 11  
X2

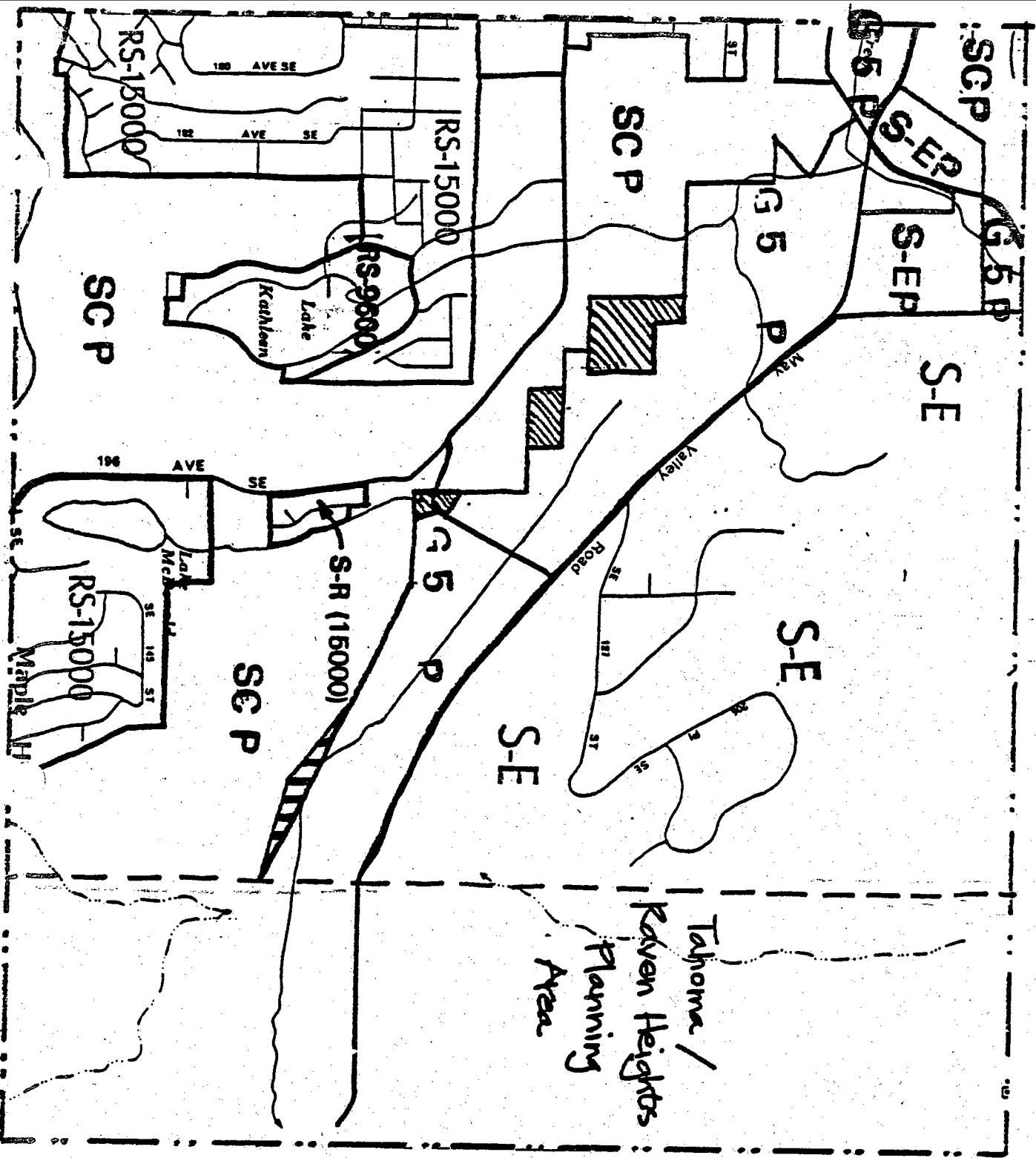
FACTORIA  
PROPERTY GROUP SEVEN


128th Av SE




# Mason Creek Zoning Issue

1/21/97



 Property changed from G5P to SCP

 Property changed from SCP to G5P

NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN

Subject: Re-wording of last paragraph, p. 86, proposed Newcastle Plan; regarding SE 62nd St. between 152nd Ave. SE and Lakemont Blvd.

REVISED TEXT

THE PLAN SUPPORTS THE FUTURE CONNECTION OF SE 63RD ST. BETWEEN 152ND AVE. SE AND LAKEMONT BLVD. AS A RESIDENTIAL ACCESS STREET. THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE STREET SHOULD BE TO PROVIDE LOCAL ACCESS FOR ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND SECONDARY ACCESS FOR PROPERTIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE WEST. USE OF THE STREET BY THROUGH TRAFFIC, ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE NEARBY AREA, SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED.

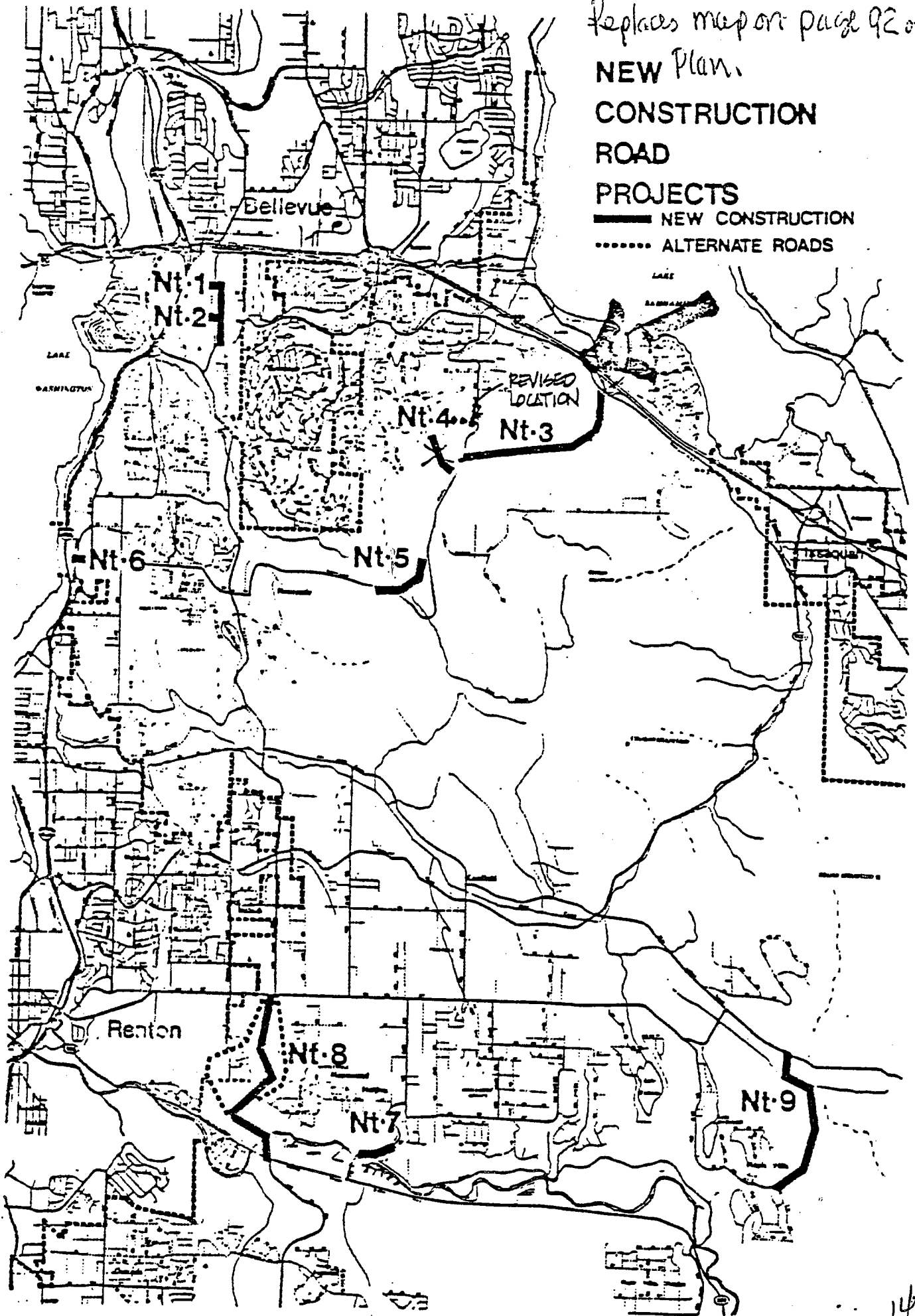
OLD TEXT

The Newcastle Community Plan Committee does not support the new construction of SE 62nd Street between 152nd Ave. SE and Lakemont Blvd. SE. Completion of this road would increase traffic on a non-arterial street, impact residential neighborhoods and deteriorate traffic conditions on Coal Creek-Newport Rd. and at the intersection with Coal Creek Pkwy. In light of these negative impacts, the project is not recommended by the Plan.

Replaces map on page 92 of

**NEW Plan.  
CONSTRUCTION  
ROAD  
PROJECTS**

**———— NEW CONSTRUCTION**  
**..... ALTERNATE ROADS**



Amendment

Source: Harvey Manning

SECTION: Wherever there's a reference to the Cougar Mountain  
Regional Park.

Page: Various.

ISSUE: Add "Wildland" to the name of the regional park.

Panel Recommendation:

Approve the change in name

"Cougar Mountain Wildland Regional Park, wherever it appears.

Amendment

Source: Councilman Bruce Laing

SECTION: Revised Master Plan Development Guidelines (and Appendix A.)

Page 3.

ISSUE: Residential guidelines proposed for amendment to delete the 10/10/10/ housing targets but retain the policy to require housing for all income levels.

Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows (See also pages 8a, and 13a for associated changes):

B. Residential Guidelines

...

2. Housing shall be provided for all income levels, including the low income. ~~((A target of 30% of the housing should be set aside for low to median income persons: -- 10% low, -- 10% moderate, -- and 10% median.))~~ Low income housing shall be provided in conjunction with publicly funded programs.

...

Footnotes:

~~((1-low-to-moderate-income-is-defined-as-80%-and-below-of-the-King-County-median-income.--Handicapped-and-elderly-persons-are-generally-assumed-to-be-within-this-category.))~~



Amendment

Source: City of Bellevue

SECTION: Revised New Master Plan Development Guidelines

Page 4

ISSUE: Amend Village Residential Guidelines to add public transit facilities as another requirement for the location of the highest density housing. ....

Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows:

- B. 6. Highest density housing should be located within and surrounding the village centers, in areas with high view amenities and solar access, adjacent to community open space and public transit facilities.

Amendment

Source: CNPOA - Wally Toner

SECTION: Revised Villages Master Plan Development Guidelines

Page 4

ISSUE: Add two guidelines to the Commercial Guidelines for development of a regional conference center and to allow development of office space. ---

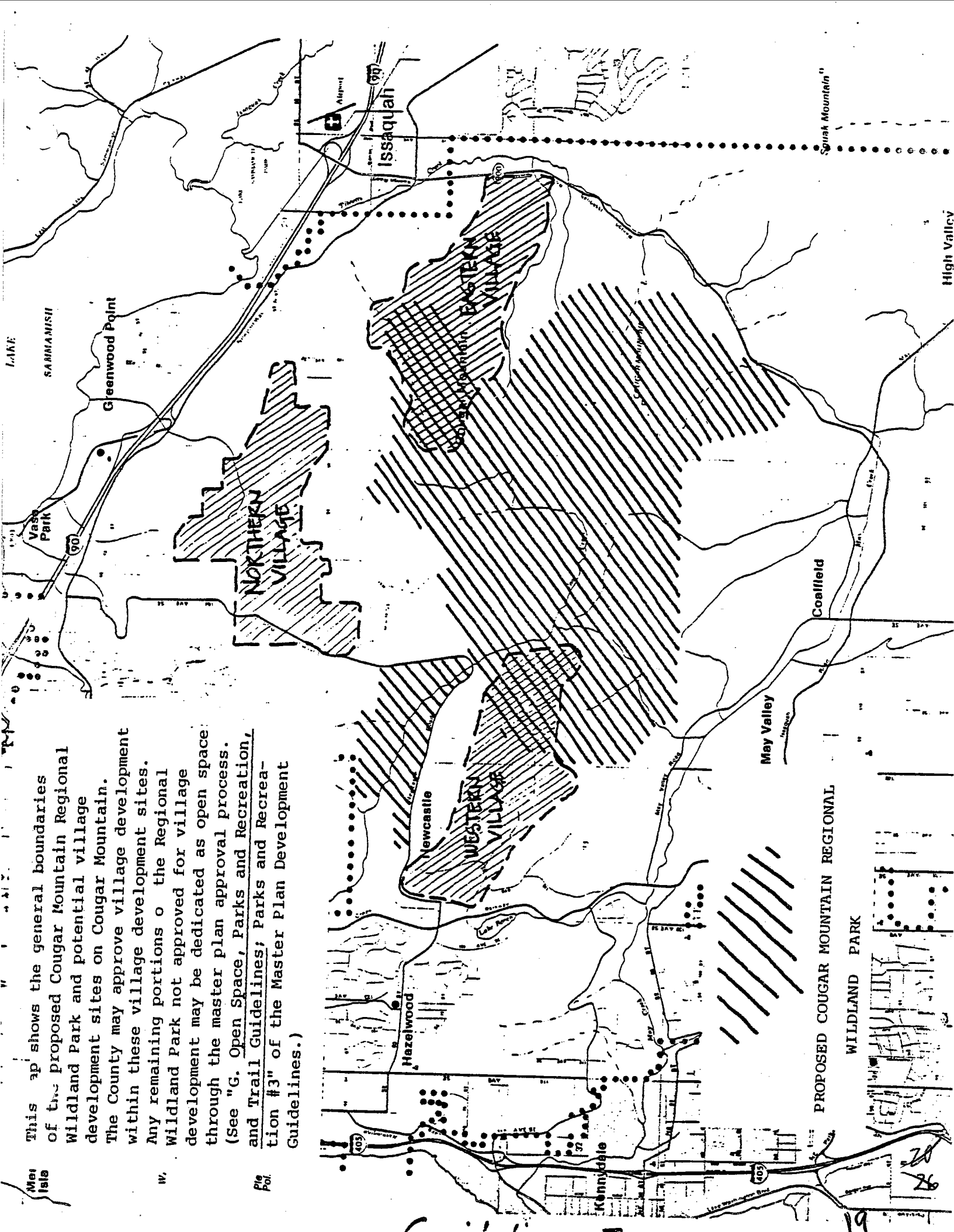
Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows:

C. Commercial Guidelines

1. Commercial areas should be designed so that they are compatible with the character of each village. Criteria such as scale, color, use of materials, building form, and sign standards should be considered to ensure that commercial sites are consistent with the overall scheme.
2. Commercial areas should be sized and developed to adequately provide for neighborhood needs. Commercial uses should be designed and scaled so as to serve primarily the residents of each village.
3. Development of mixed commercial and residential use buildings within commercial areas should be encouraged.
4. Development of a regional conference center as a part of a master plan should be encouraged.
5. Development of office space should be encouraged where it would be complementary with surrounding office developments and where the result would contribute to internalizing work trips within Cougar Mountain.

This map shows the general boundaries of the proposed Cougar Mountain Regional Wildland Park and potential village development sites on Cougar Mountain. The County may approve village development within these village development sites. Any remaining portions of the Regional Wildland Park not approved for village development may be dedicated as open space through the master plan approval process. (See "G. Open Space, Parks and Recreation, and Trail Guidelines; Parks and Recreation #3" of the Master Plan Development Guidelines.)



PROPOSED COUGAR MOUNTAIN REGIONAL WILDLAND PARK

Amendment

Source: City of Bellevue

SECTION: Revised New Master Plan Development Guidelines

Pages 8 and 12

ISSUE: Amend Village Drainage and Utilities Guidelines to change "should" to "must".

Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows:

II. H. Drainage Guidelines (p.8)

2. A mechanism to construct and maintain the facilities necessary to prevent additional or increased drainage problems from the villages (~~should~~) shall be established. Implementation of the necessary structural measures can be required as a condition of the development approval process. Maintenance of these facilities is mandatory to achieve long-range control of runoff. Maintenance can be accomplished by a variety of means including but not limited to a special drainage district, U.L.I.D., stormwater utility, or trust fund established by the developer.

II. J. Utilities Guideline (p.12)

Each village development proposal (~~should~~) shall include an acceptable method for providing improvements and additions to public and private water and sewer facilities required as a result of the development, including off-site facilities and improvements. Such facilities must be in compliance with applicable County, utility district, and other agency plans and regulations.

Amendment

Source: CNPOA - Wally Toner

SECTION: Revised Master Plan Development Guidelines

LOCATION: Page 8

ISSUE: Drainage Guidelines proposed for amendment to include homeowner's association as one of the possible means for maintenance of drainage facilities.

Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows:

"...stormwater utility, ((or)) trust fund established by the developer, or homeowner's association.

Amendment

Source: Seattle Master Builders - Bill Connor

SECTION: Revised Appendix A.

Page 2.

ISSUE: P-suffix conditions proposed for amendment as follows:

II. For land within the master plan development overlay district but outside the designated potential village development sites:

Development of this property shall be limited to that allowed under the provisions of the Growth Reserve-2.5 Acre (GR-2.5) zone (KCC 21.21) PROVIDED that, village development as part of an overall master plan may be approved subject to the review, process, and criteria outlined in Appendix A of this document.

If King County approves an overall master plan for village development in the Cougar Mountain subarea and this property is not included within the boundaries of such a master plan, then the owners of this property may apply for a reclassification. ~~((of the zoning PROVIDED that, any reclassification granted as a result of such a request shall be consistent with the overall master plan.))~~

Panel Recommendation:

Amend as follows:

... may apply for a reclassification. ~~((of the zoning PROVIDED that, any reclassification granted as a result of such a request shall be consistent with the overall master plan.))~~

Approval of any such reclassification application shall be based on its consistency with applicable County plans and policies, its compatibility with the land uses of the approved master plan, and the availability of public facilities to the site.

22 2/3  
29

Amendment: For description see page 3a

Change Section 8 as follows:

SECTION 8. Housing Criteria.

~~((A. -- Housing for all income levels.~~

~~1. -- "Low income" is an income level below eighty percent (80%) of the median income for King County. -- Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of low income.~~

~~2. -- "Moderate income" is an income level between eighty percent (80%) and one hundred percent (100%) of the median income for King County. -- Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of moderate income.~~

~~3. -- "Median income" is an income level between one hundred percent (100%) and one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the median income for King County. -- Ten percent (10%) of the total residential units shall be used as a target in providing housing in each master plan development affordable to persons of median income.~~

~~4. -- Median income for King County and affordable monthly housing payments based upon a percent of this income shall be determined annually by the Department of Planning and Community Development.~~

~~5. -- Housing required by this section shall contain a reasonable mix of units designed for senior citizens and families.)~~

A. The master plan development shall meet housing needs for all income levels by providing the following:

1. Various lot sizes,
2. Both attached and detached single-family housing units,
3. Multi-family units,
4. Housing units of various sizes,

B. A preliminary schedule for the phasing of the ~~((construction of the housing called for above))~~ proposed housing shall be included with each master plan development application in order to assure that an adequate mix of housing is provided in all phases of development and that the required housing is dispersed throughout the development. A specific schedule shall be submitted with each phase pursuant to Section 14 (B.6).

C. No low income housing will be required in any phase unless publicly funded programs for such housing are available. ~~((provided that the developer may be required to set aside sufficient land for that purpose. -- Land may be required to set~~

2324  
38

aside-for-a-period-of-up-to-five-years-at-a-value-calculated-as follows:--The-area-of-the-set-aside-land-multiplied-times-the average-per-square-foot-assessed-value-of-the-property-in-the phase-for-the-year-in-which-the-phase-is-granted-approval. Computations-shall-be-based-on-King-County-Assessor information.)

If during that period, programs become available, the developer shall cooperate with the public agency for the development of such housing. If programs do not become available ((the-land-shall-be-released-for-other-development consistent-with-the-master-plan-development-and)) the low income housing ((requirement)) needs will be reevaluated at the next phase.

D. ((The-master-plan-development-will-be-reviewed-to-establish-a-minimum-percentage-for-each-housing-level--Criteria-for-establishing-these-minimums)) Criteria to be used in developing the housing mix shall include County-wide as well as community plan area population characteristics, market, and economic factors including but not limited to:

1. Cost of construction and financing,
2. Cost of existing housing,
3. Housing types and sizes available,
4. Percentage population within each income level,
5. Employment opportunities,
6. Availability of publicly funded housing programs for low income persons,
7. Amount of existing assisted housing in the surrounding area,
8. Overall need County-wide for low, moderate, and median income housing for senior citizens and families.

24 25 31



Amendment

Source: Seattle Master Builders - Bill Connor

SECTION: Appendix A.

Page 9

ISSUES: Section 9. Open Space and Recreational Criteria.  
Proposes deletion of 40% open space target for open space.

Panel Recommendation:

Retain existing language.

Amendment

Source: CNPOA - Wally Toner

SECTION: Revised Master Plan Development Guidelines

Page 5.

ISSUES: School Guidelines proposed for amendment to allow land dedicated for schools to be counted as part of the open space target.

Panel Recommendation:

Approve the proposal as follows:

Appendix A Section 9 at pages 9 and 10.

9.C. The following areas shall be preserved as open space:

1. Unique, fragile, and valuable elements of the environment plus any necessary protective buffer areas, such as prime wildlife habitats or natural drainage features,
2. Areas unsuitable for building due to natural hazards,
3. Agricultural and fisheries resources,
4. Physical and/or visual buffers within and between areas of urban development; except that private open space areas associated with residential dwellings shall not be included in the calculation of the minimum community open space area,
5. Natural areas with significant educational, scientific, historic, or scenic values,
6. Outdoor recreation areas. Park and recreational facilities shall be provided by the developer in accordance with current County standards (Ordinance 3813 and Motion 3527 and any applicable future amendments).
7. Perimeter buffering of the master plan development.
8. Existing and proposed trail corridors.
9. 80% of the land dedicated for school purposes.

Amendment

Source: Seattle Master Builders

SECTION: Revised Appendix A, Section 11

Page 10 and 11.

ISSUE: Proposes to delete the requirement for dedication of sites for schools and fire districts.

Panel Recommendation:

Retain existing language.

Amendment: For description see page 3a

Change Section 14.B. as follows:

SECTION 14. Phased Development.

...

B. A master plan development may be developed in phases, provided:

1. An estimated time period for completion of all phases shall be provided as part of the master plan application.
2. The development must be provided with adequate facilities and services at all phases of development.
3. Initiation of new phases may be prohibited until conditions imposed on previous phases have been met.
4. A detailed financial plan is submitted for each phase pursuant to Section 15 below,
5. A general sequence of phases shall be required which will assure a mix of uses and densities,
6. Prior to submission of development plans for each phase, the applicant shall consult with the King County Housing and Community Development Division to determine ~~((the specific number of low/moderate/median income housing units to be developed in the proposed phase))~~ whether or not publicly funded low income housing can be implemented in that phase.

28  
29  
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Amendment

Source: Seattle Master Builders

SECTION: Appendix A

Page 15.

ISSUE: Propose adding new section which states that development criteria used for the master plan development is not a precedent.

Panel Recommendation:

Approve as follows:

Section 19: Development Criteria Not a Precedent.

The Development Criteria of Sections 8 through 18 are imposed on village development proposals within the Cougar Mountain Subarea. Nothing herein shall be construed as authorizing or encouraging the application of the requirements, goals, and policies of Sections 8 through 18 to any other land use approval or permitting process in King County. The requirements, goals, and policies of Section 8 through 18 shall not apply to zoning reclassifications, subdivision or short subdivision approvals, planned unit developments, large lot segregations, or other land use approvals or permits not part of the master plan developments within the villages master plan development overlay district.

Existing Zoning: FR  
Proposed Zoning: GR-5  
Requested Zoning: 1/du per acre  
Recommendation: GR-2.5

Panel Recommendation: Retain GR-2.5 (12/15/82)

10a Area Zoning

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Applicant: James Egge, representing Herbert E. Mull, Inc.

Property Location: SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 18, Township 24N, Range 6E

Kroll Map#: 554W

Existing Zoning: RS-7200

Proposed Zoning: RS-7200

Request: The applicant is requesting an RD-3600 (two-family dwelling) for his client's property instead of the proposed RS-7200 zoning classification.

Comments: The subject property is located in the northeast quadrant of the intersection of SR 901 and Interstate 90. The land is gently sloping and portions have been identified as erosion hazard land (K.C. Ord. 4365). Water and sewer are available to the property. The area immediately to the east is developed at a density of 4-6 homes per acre (RS-7200). There is some RM-1800 zoning a few hundred feet to the west and RM-900 zoning (a remnant of an old mobile home park) a half-mile east on West Lake Sammamish Parkway.

Policy N-13 states that "multifamily housing should be located in, or near, existing areas of intensive residential development or where this level of use is recommend by the Plan". Although a fair amount of multifamily zoning exists nearby, this area is not primarily an intensely developed area. Much of the RM-1800 zoning contains an existing elementary school and a bible camp. Granting the applicant's request would be marginally consistent with policy N-13.

Panel Recommendation: Apply RD-3600-P with the following P-suffix conditions:

1. Site plan review shall be subject to a public hearing by the King County Zoning and Subdivision Examiner to allow testimony from neighborhood residents.
2. Access shall be approved by the King County Department of Public Works and the State Department of Transportation (for access along SR 901, West Lake Sammamish Parkway SE). The preferred major access shall be from tract "D" to 180th Ave. SE, subject to approval from the State Department of Transportation.
3. Parking and access shall be provided on the west (rear) side of housing units to minimize impacts on single family residential property to the east and northeast of the site.

15a Area Zoning

31  
32

4. Building height shall not exceed two (2) stories in height. The maximum height shall be 30 feet, including top of roof.
5. A 20-foot type II landscaped visual buffer shall be provided where the property abuts single family uses pursuant to King County Code 21.51. Existing vegetation shall be retained in this buffer area wherever possible.
6. Outdoor recreational activities, e.g., tennis courts, or swimming pools, shall be located on the westerly margin of the property. (December 15, 1982)

156 Area Zoning

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Area suggested for Reconsideration by Planning Division

Property Location: Forest Hill Drive Extension, N 1/4 Section 27, Township 24N, Range 5E and Section 26, Township 24N, Range 5E.

Kroll Map#: 459E

Existing Zoning: SR, QM and SE..

Proposed Zoning: SC-P

Requested Action: The Central Newcastle Property Owners Association requests that RS7200-P be applied to the area within the subject parcel north of Coal Creek and that the area within the subject parcel south of Coal Creek be included in the Master Plan Overlay District in the Cougar Mountain Subarea applying GR-2.5 to this area.

Comments: This roughly 300 acre site lies north of Newcastle and west of Lakemont Blvd.; Coal Creek passes directly through the center of the area. Most of the area north of Coal Creek is free of designated sensitive areas while the remainder is designated coal mine, seismic, erosion, and landslide hazards.

The area to the north within the county is zoned RS-15,000 and is within the LSA. Access to the site would be from either Forest Hill Drive through Bellevue or onto Lakemont Blvd. The Proposed Plan recommends SC-P zoning and excludes it from the LSA. Presently, this area is zoned a combination of SE, QM, and SR.

Panel Recommendation: Apply GR-2.5 in the area south of Coal Creek and include the area in the Master Plan Overlay District as requested by the Central Newcastle Property Owners Association. Retain the RS-15000 in the area to the north as recommended by the Panel on October 22, 1982 in order to be consistent with RS-15,000 zoning north of this area. (See Northwest: Issue 5.) (December 15, 1982)

25a Area Zoning

33  
24

E 27-24-5

W 26-24-5

461 N

461 E

RS-15000

~~SR~~

RS-15000

~~SR~~

RS-15000

~~SR~~

RS-15000

~~SR~~

RS-10000  
GR-2.5

GR-2.5

~~SR~~

GR-2.5

~~SE~~

GR-2.5

~~SR~~

GR-2.5  
GR-2.5

~~SE~~

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RS-15000

~~SR~~

GR-2

~~SR~~

GR-2.5

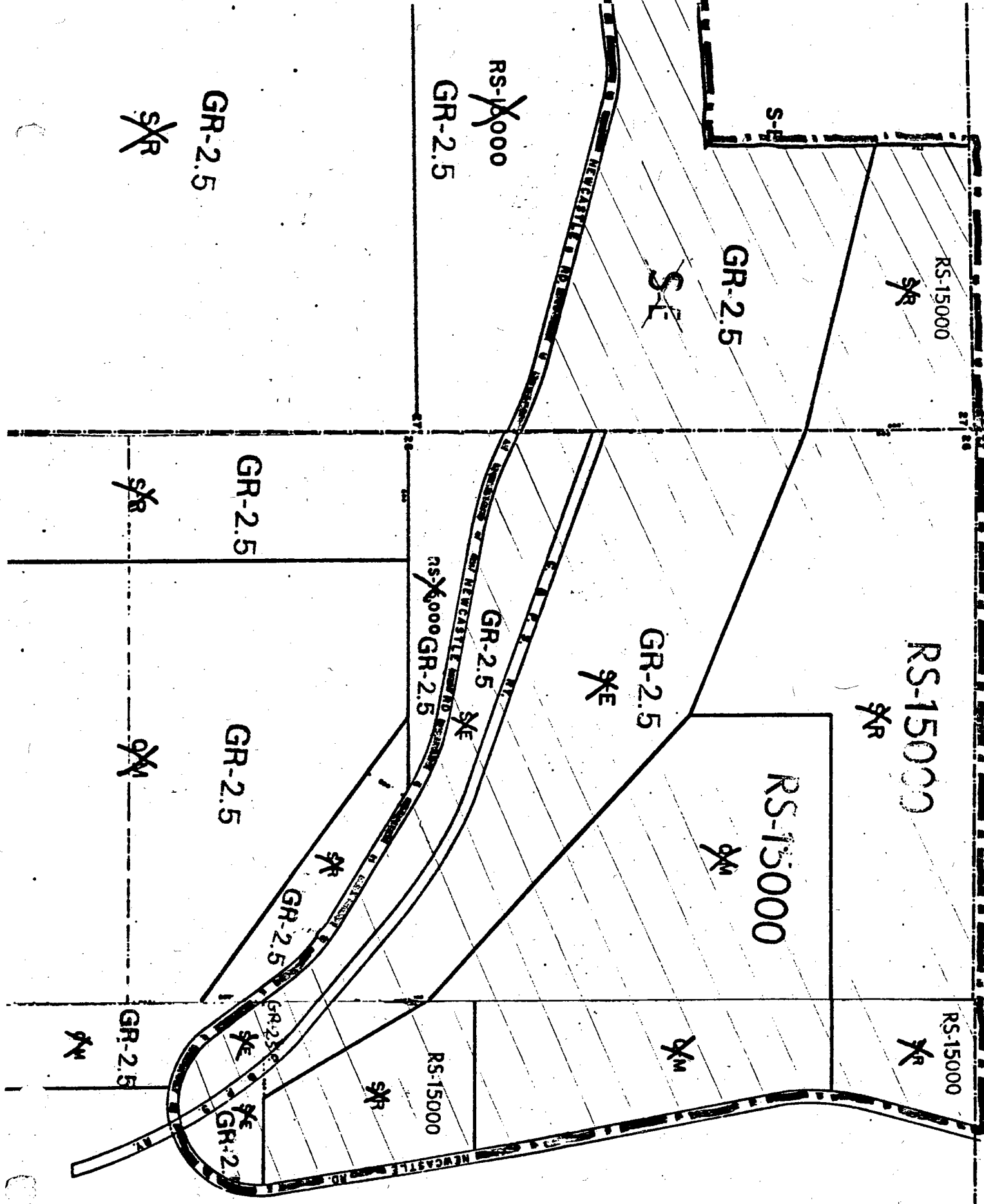
~~SR~~

GR-2.5  
GR-2.5

~~SE~~

~~SE~~

~~SR~~



East Renton Plateau: Issue 5

Applicant: Steven P. Elkins, representing George Bales

Property Location: Parcel #5, Proposed Newcastle Area Zoning, p. 61, Holiday Foods Business Area (SW ¼ of Section 12, Township 23N, Range 5E)

Kroll Map #: 807W

Existing Zoning: S-R, potential RM 900

Proposed Zoning: S-R (15,000)

Request: The applicant is requesting C-G (Commercial-General) zoning for his client's property to accommodate mini-storage.

Comments: The reason that the Proposed Newcastle Area Zoning removed the potential multifamily zoning on this property was because the area is outside the sewer local service area and multifamily development would require sewers. The subject property is east of existing community business and neighborhood business zoning. Additional business zoning was not deemed necessary at the Holiday Foods Shopping Area during the development of the Newcastle Community Plan.

The Proposed Area Zoning removed some business zoning at the northwest quadrant of the intersection of SE 128th St. and 164th SE. The remaining area zoned for business use is about 10 acres, larger than the 3 to 6 acre normal size of neighborhood business area. Also, based upon the one to two unit residential density in this area, additional business or industrial zoning would not be needed.

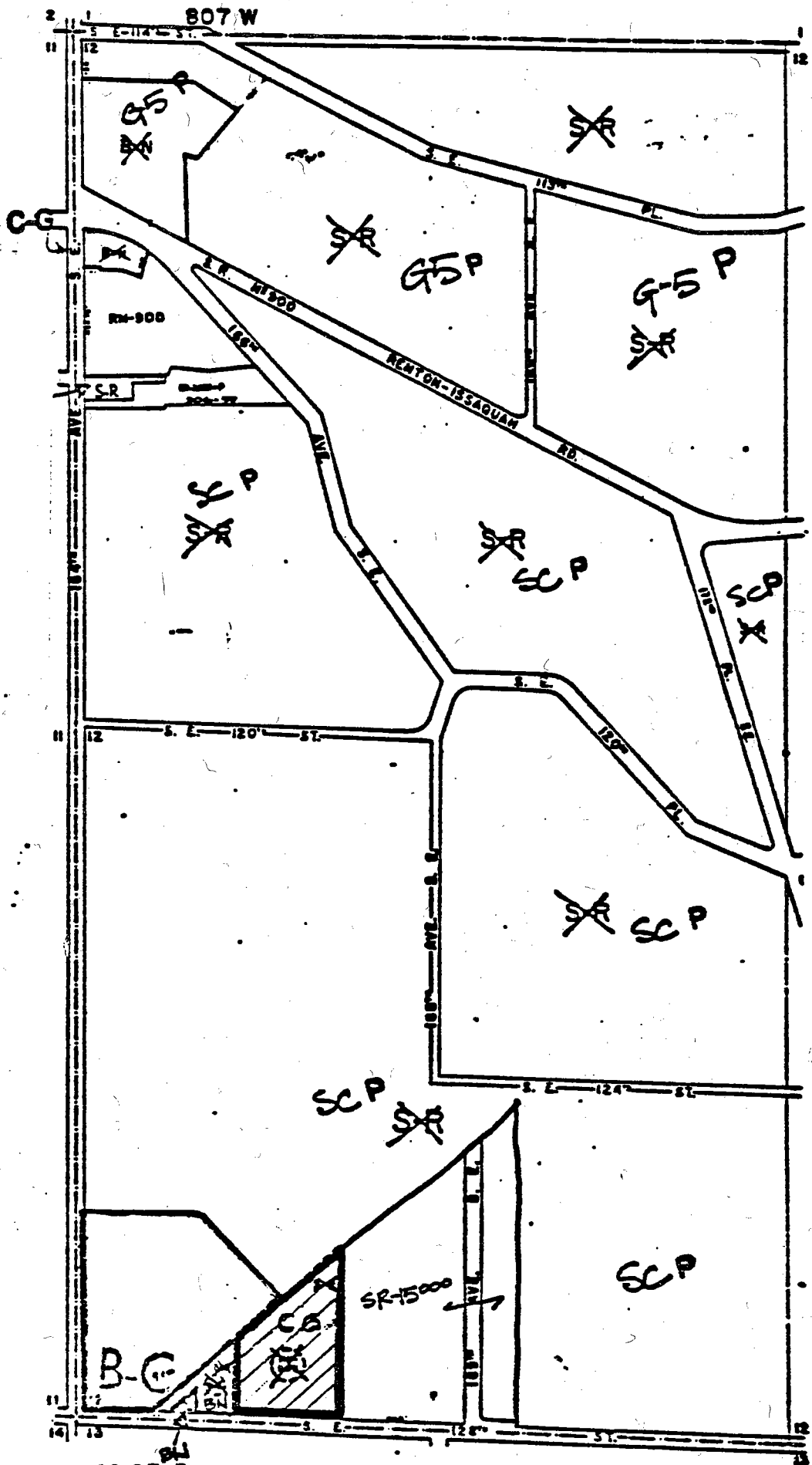
The Proposed Area Zoning also recommends removal of commercial general (C-G) zoning at the southeast quadrant of the intersection because of the lack of sewer service and the low density residential character of the surrounding area. Also, the County recently denied a request for C-G Zoning (BALD File No. 156-79R) at the southwest quadrant of the intersection. Therefore, C-G Zoning at parcel #5 would be inconsistent with the past County actions in this area as well as with Policy N-22 in the Proposed Newcastle Community Plan. Policy N-22 states that "Existing neighborhood stores and business areas are recognized as a usable part of the identity of neighborhoods. In these areas, the existing neighborhood character of business uses should be maintained."

Panel Recommendation: Grant S-R (15,000), potential C-G-P to allow a zone reclassification to permit mini-warehouse storage use subject to site plan review. The P-suffix condition should include:

1. limiting the use to mini-warehouse storage; and
2. providing landscaping to screen the development from adjacent single family zoned property. (December 15, 1982).

30a Area Zoning

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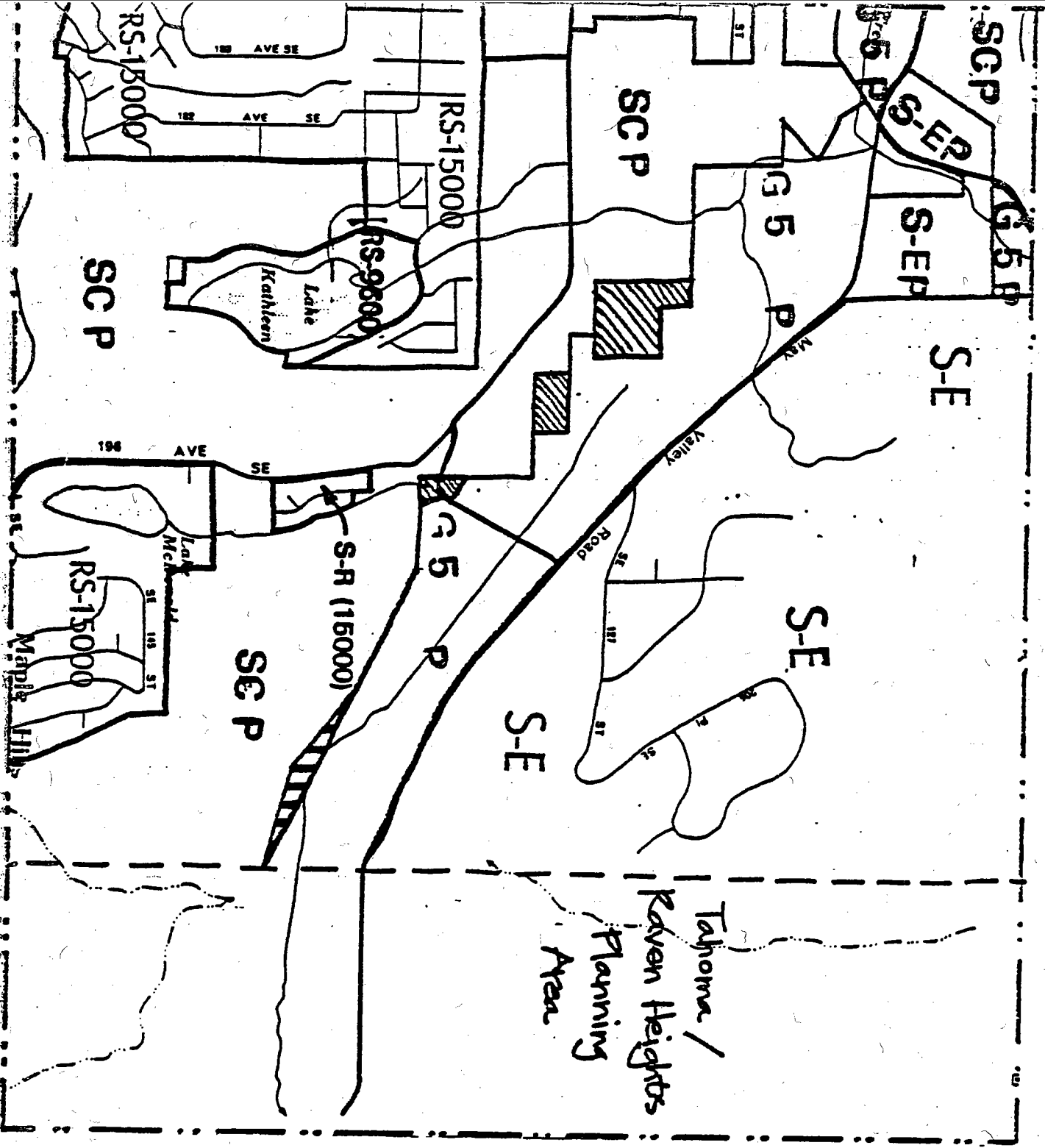



W 12-23-5

RENTON


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# Mason Creek Zoning Issue



 Property changed from

G 5 P to SC P

 Property changed from

SC P to G 5 P

36  
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REVISED NEWCASTLE COMMUNITY PLAN  
POLICIES AND TEXT

REVISED POLICIES  
Replace Policy N-2, page 13 of Proposed Plan

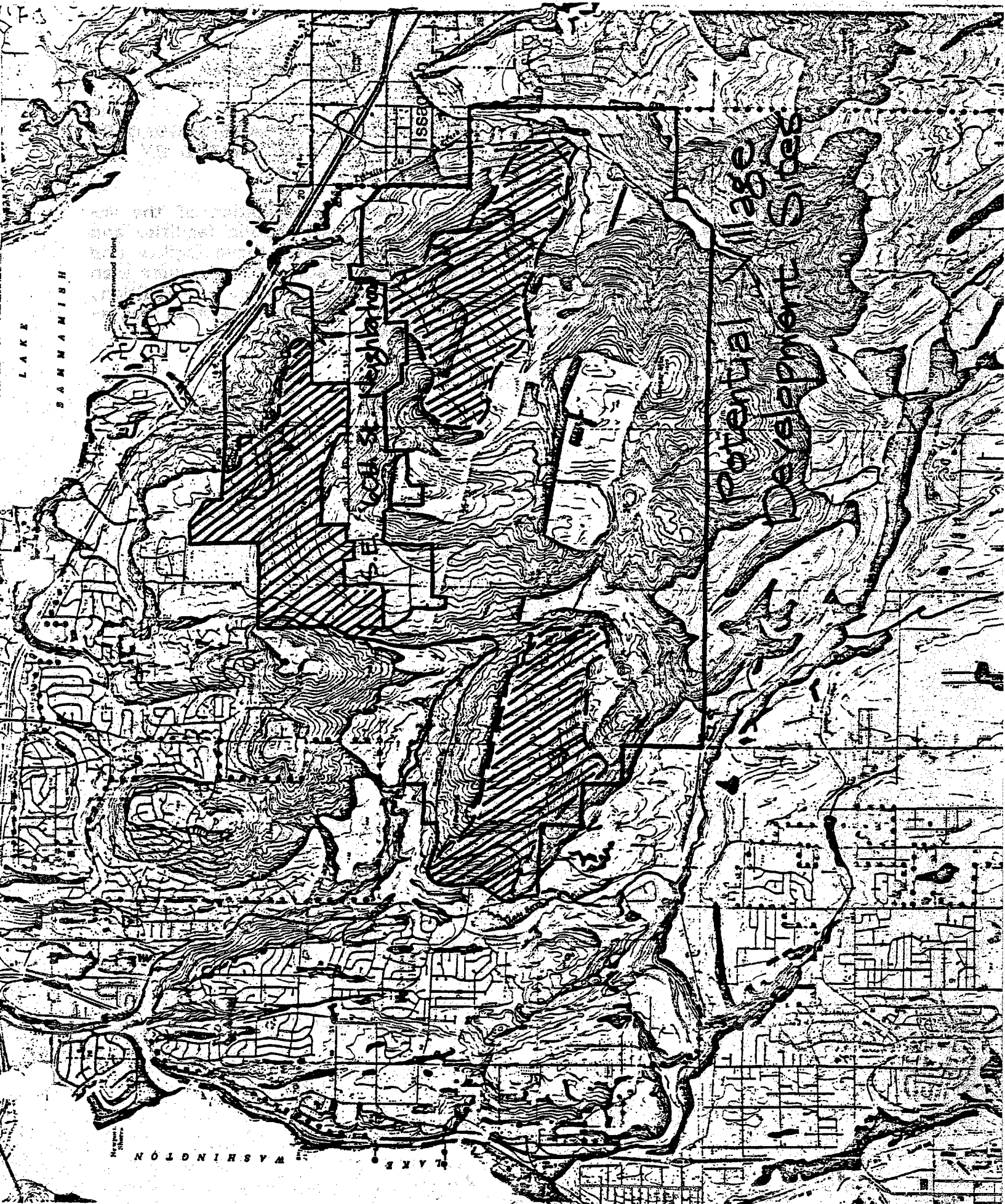
**N-2 THE DEVELOPMENT OF A MASTER PLAN ALLOWING UP TO THREE VILLAGES SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED WITHIN THE LEAST ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE, UNDEVELOPED PORTIONS OF COUGAR MOUNTAIN. VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE UNDEVELOPED PORTIONS OF COUGAR MOUNTAIN SHOULD PROCEED ONLY AS PART OF AN OVERALL MASTER PLAN.**

Cougar Mountain provides a unique opportunity for a master plan of up to three villages. Environmental constraints such as steep topography, extensive coal mining areas, and seismic, landslide, and erosion hazards encourage clustered development while the existence of large parcels of undeveloped land allows effective master planning. Master planning and village development can benefit the County in several ways including predictability, coordinated facility and service development, developer-financed improvements and more environmentally responsive development. Master planning also benefits property owners by allowing predictability and increased profitability of development.

Village development should be allowed only after the approval by the County of a master plan covering the three designated village development core areas. Preparation and approval of a master plan covering only one or two of the village development core areas shall include consideration of the cumulative impacts of such proposed development and other potential development within the master plan overlay area. If the County finds that one or more of the potential village sites is not feasible or does not meet the guidelines of this Plan, then the County may approve development of less than three villages.

**N-2a EACH VILLAGE SHOULD CONTAIN A MIX OF SINGLE AND MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING, NEIGHBORHOOD SHOPPING, AND REQUIRED PUBLIC FACILITIES. NO VILLAGE SHOULD EXCEED 4000 DWELLING UNITS. WITHIN THE MASTER PLAN DEVELOPMENT AREA, THE OVERALL DENSITY SHOULD NOT EXCEED 3 UNITS PER ACRE.**

While no village should contain more than 4000 dwelling units, the actual size of each would be determined during the master plan review process. The actual extent of environmental constraints and the limits of adjacent facilities and services would act to limit the amount of development actually allowed.



Potential  
Development  
Sites

LAKE  
SAMMAMISH

Government Point

North Arrow

LAKE WASHINGTON

Elvert St. Neighborhood

ISSUED



**REVISED POLICY**  
**Replaces Policy N-3, page 14 of Proposed Plan**

**N-3 PHASING OF DEVELOPMENT WITHIN EACH VILLAGE SHOULD BE BASED ON THE APPROVED MASTER PLAN AND LIMITED BY THE ADEQUACY OF PUBLIC FACILITIES.**

During the master plan review, an extensive investigation of the impacts of the master plan on existing and proposed public facilities and services would be required. Based on this review, those facility and service improvements needed to mitigate the impacts of the master plan would be required as conditions of development approval. In addition, actual development could not proceed until those improvements necessary to mitigate the development are completed.